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***Nikon***

**F-401x**

AF

AF

**QUARTZ DATE**

**INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

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## FOREWORD

Thank you for purchasing this Nikon product. We hope you enjoy the Nikon F-401x, and we're sure it will make photography a bigger part of your life.

Get to know your F-401x, but before using it, be sure to read this manual thoroughly.

Nikon cannot be held responsible for malfunction resulting from the use of the camera other than as specified in this manual.

***The Nikon autofocus SLR system is designed based on the premise that any of its components, such as the F4 series, F-801s, F-801, F-601, F-401x, F-401s, F-501, AF Nikkor lenses and Nikon accessories will be used integrally, with one another.***

***AF Nikkor lenses electronically communicate all the necessary information required for perfect operation within current and future Nikon autofocus SLR systems.***

***Nikon does not assume responsibility if malfunctions or damage occurs to the F-401x when lenses and/or accessories of other makers are used with it. For this reason, we recommend the use of AF Nikkor lenses and Nikon system accessories.***

# NOMENCLATURE

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Aperture dial

Film rewind button

Frame counter

Dial lock-release button

Self-timer indicator LED

Shutter release button

Shutter speed dial

Handgrip

AEL (Auto Exposure Lock) button

Minimum aperture lock

Aperture scale

Focusing ring

Accessory shoe

Film plane indicator

Self-timer button

Flash lock-release buttons

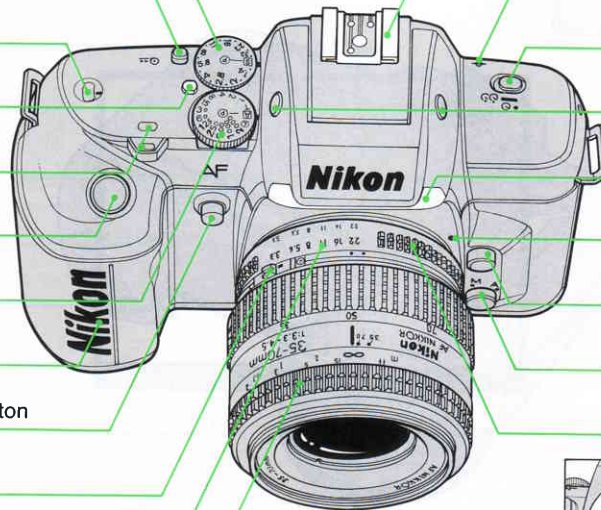
Flash head

Lens mounting index

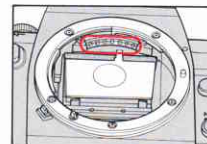
Lens release button

Focus mode selector

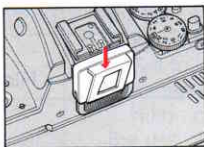
Aperture ring



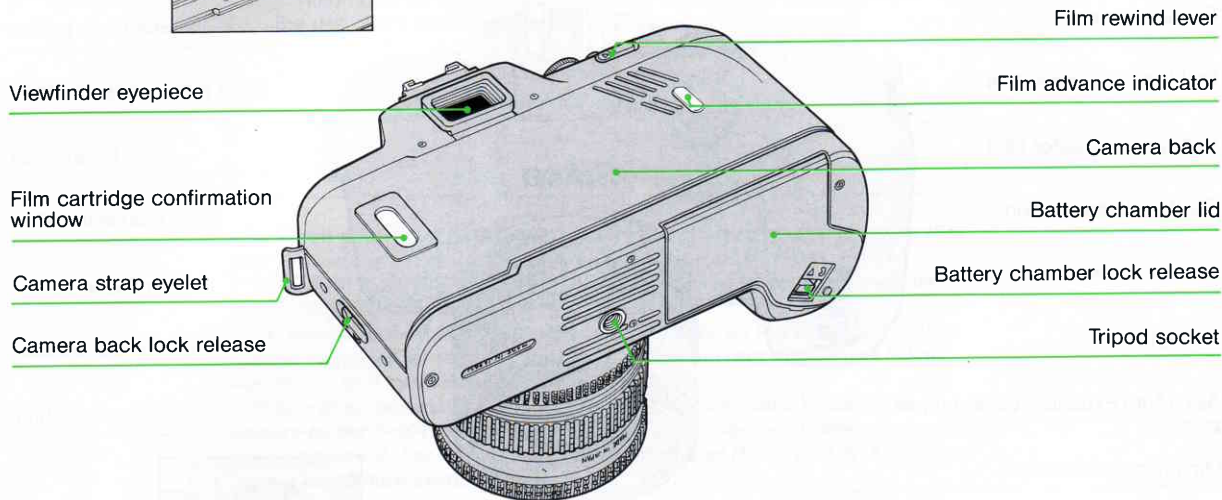
**Lens (AF Zoom-Nikkor  
35-70mm f/3.3-4.5)**

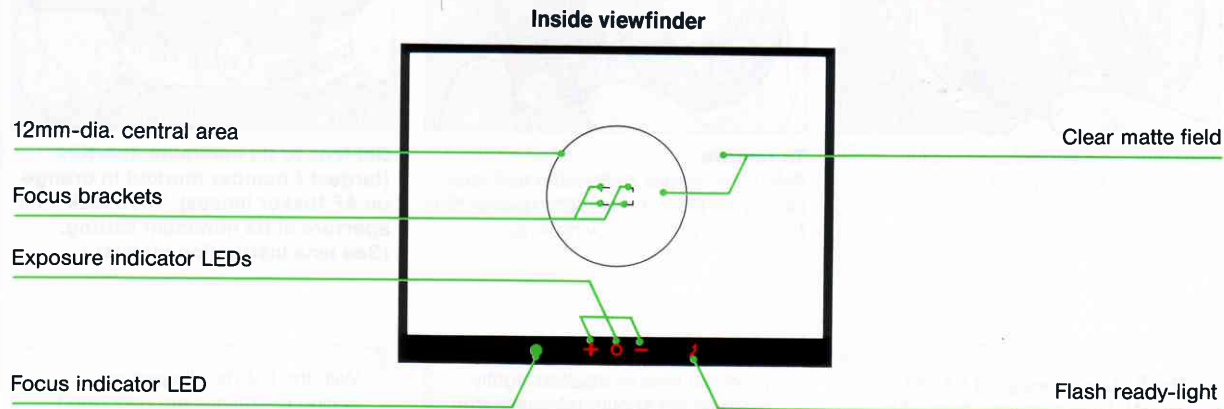


CPU contacts: Do not touch.



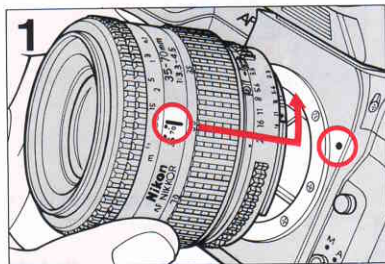
**Eyepiece cover DK-5 (provided):** Prevents stray light from entering viewfinder.



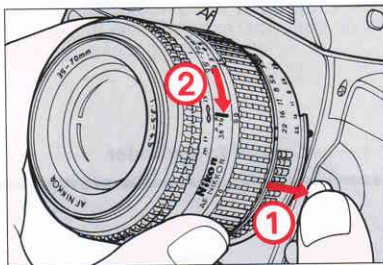


# BASIC OPERATION

## MOUNTING THE LENS

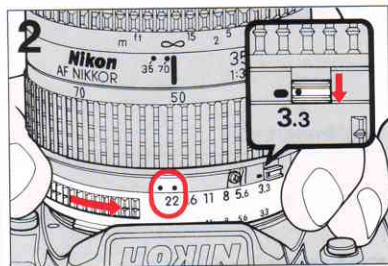


Twist lens counterclockwise until it securely clicks into place.



### To remove

Push lens release button and turn lens clockwise. Do not push lens release button except when removing lens.



**Set lens to its minimum aperture (largest f-number marked in orange on AF Nikkor lenses). Then lock lens aperture at its minimum setting. (See lens instruction manual.)**

The F-401x is designed for use with AF Nikkor lenses, except AF-Nikkor 80mm f/2.8, ED 200mm f/3.5 IF, and Autofocus Converter TC-16/TC-16A. For limited use of non-AF Nikkor lenses, see pages 73 to 74.

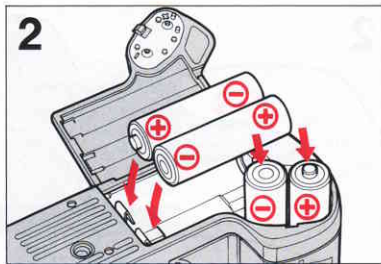
When no lens is attached, lightly pressing the shutter release button in programmed auto, shutter-priority auto or aperture-priority-auto exposure mode causes shutter to lock and self-timer LED to start blinking.

With the F-401x, all aperture setting operations are performed using the aperture dial on the camera body. Do not move lens' aperture ring once it is set to its smallest aperture (largest f-number).

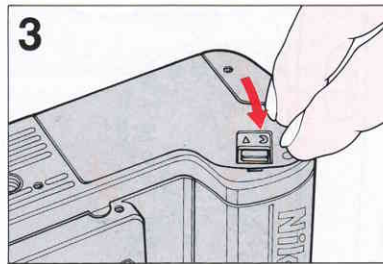
## INSTALLING BATTERIES



1  
Open the battery chamber lid by sliding the lock release.



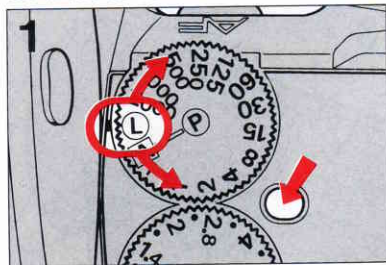
2  
Install four fresh AA-type batteries with "+" ends positioned as shown inside the battery chamber.



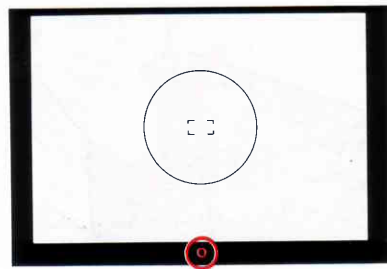
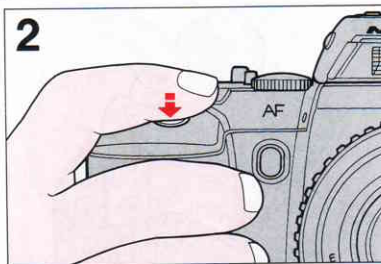
3  
Close the battery chamber lid.

Batteries with a "+" terminal exceeding 6mm in diameter cannot be used.

## CHECKING BATTERY POWER

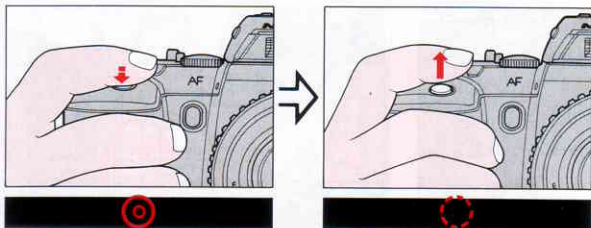


To turn the camera power on, rotate the shutter speed dial from L to another setting while pressing the dial lock-release button.

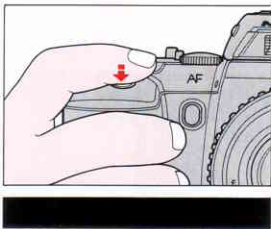


Lightly press shutter release button and check viewfinder exposure indicator LED(s) (+, ○ and/or -) to make sure battery power is sufficient. Exposure indicator LED(s) lights up or blinks if power is sufficient, and stays on approx. 8 sec. after you take your finger off the button.

When not using the camera, be sure to set the shutter dial to L, to turn off power and conserve battery power.



If LED goes off approx. 2 sec. after finger is removed from button, batteries need replacement.



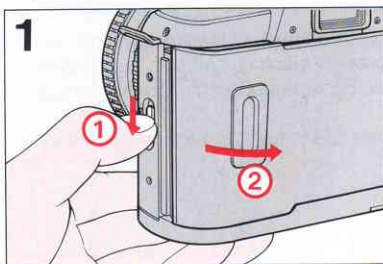
No LED, and shutter locks. Check battery installation or change batteries.

Battery power can also be checked by film-advance speed, operation speed of autofocus lens or flash recycling time. When these become noticeably slower, change batteries.

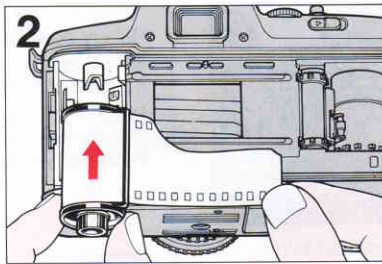
The self-timer indicator LED may also blink when battery becomes weaker.

The microcomputer in the F-401x may turn the camera off, even when batteries with sufficient power are properly installed. To start or resume operation, remove batteries and install again.

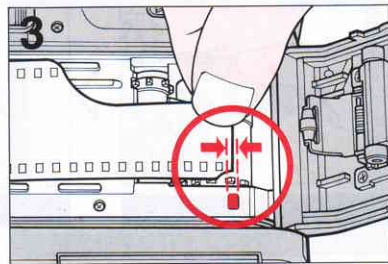
## LOADING FILM



Slide down camera back lock release to open camera back.

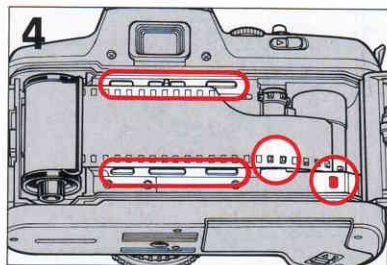


Insert film cartridge.

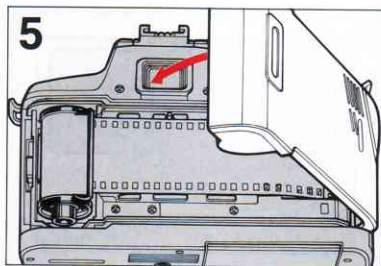
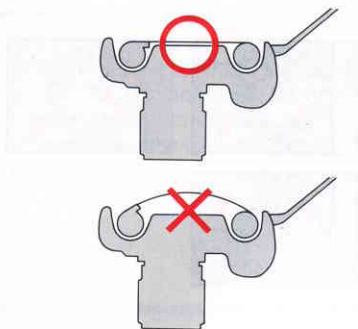


Pull film leader out to red index mark.

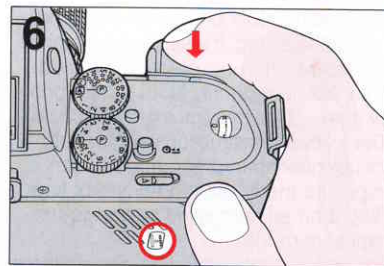
- Use only DX-coded film.
- Usable film speed range for DX-coded film is ISO 25 to 5000.
- All non-DX-coded films are automatically set to ISO 100.
- Avoid loading/unloading in direct sunlight.



Check to make sure film is positioned properly, with no slack.

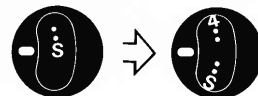


Close camera back and confirm lock-release snaps closed.



Fully depress shutter release button to automatically advance film to frame "1." Observe film advance indicator rotation to confirm proper film installation and transport.

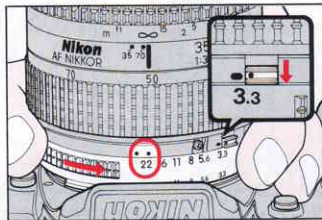
● If film is not correctly installed, the self-timer indicator LED blinks. Set the shutter speed dial to L, then reset the dial to another setting while pressing the dial lock-release button. The self-timer indicator LED will disappear. Reload the film.



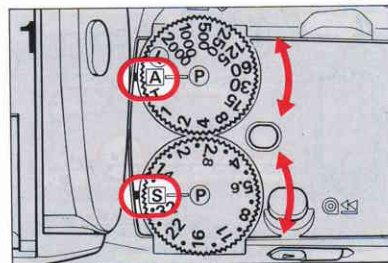
## BASIC SHOOTING

The Nikon F-401x offers both auto and manual focusing. It also gives you three auto exposure modes — programmed auto, aperture-priority auto, shutter-priority auto — plus manual exposure control. The following instructions are for auto-focus shooting in programmed auto exposure mode with an AF Nikkor lens. Programmed auto is the easiest-to-use exposure mode.

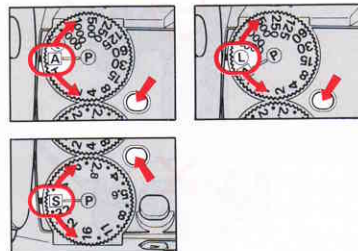
For details about other focusing methods and exposure modes, see pages 20 to 27 and 28 to 36, respectively.



Confirm lens is set to smallest aperture (largest f-number); if lens is incorrectly set, the shutter release locks and + and - LEDs blink alternately inside the viewfinder. The self-timer indicator LED will also blink.



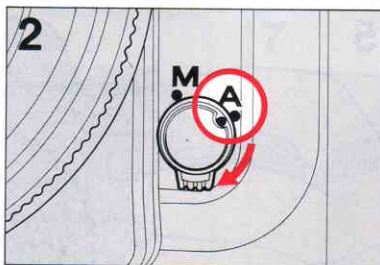
Set shutter speed dial to A, and aperture dial to S.



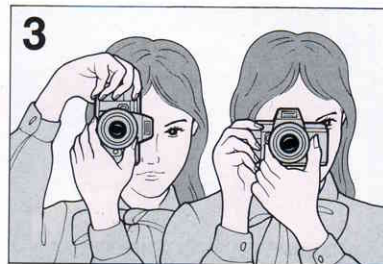


When both A and S are set, programmed auto mode is in operation.

The shutter dial locks at the A or L position, and the aperture dial locks at the S position. To release them, rotate the shutter or aperture dial while pressing the dial lock-release button.



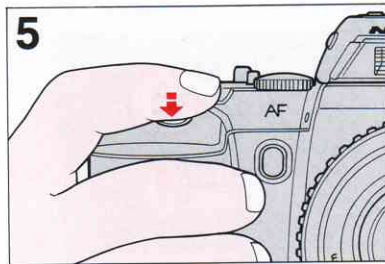
Set focus mode selector to A (autofocus). If the lens in use has an A-M switch, set the switch to A.



Aim camera at the subject.



Position the viewfinder focus brackets (C) on the main subject.



Lightly press the shutter release button.



Confirm the green focus indicator LED ● and the red exposure indicator LED ○ light up.

- If focus indicator LED ● blinks, see pages 26 to 27.
- If subject moves, remove your finger from shutter release button, then lightly press again to start autofocus with focus tracking.
- For details about autofocus, see pages 20 to 23.

\*\*\*\*\*

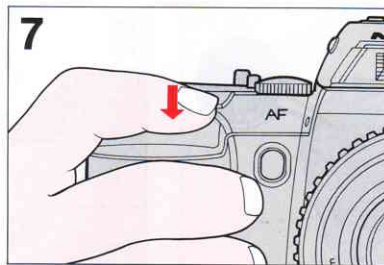
○ **blinks**     **Picture blur possibility (shutter speed is 1/[focal length] sec. or slower).**  
Use tripod to avoid camera shake, or use built-in TTL flash or accessory Nikon speedlight to synchronise shutter speed at 1/125 sec.

+ **lights up**     **\*Overexposure warning.**  
Too bright — very rare condition; use film with lower ISO speed.

— **lights up**     **\*Underexposure warning.**  
Too dark — use built-in TTL flash or accessory Nikon speedlight.

⚡ **blinks**     Use built-in TTL flash or accessory Nikon speedlight. See pages 46 to 64.

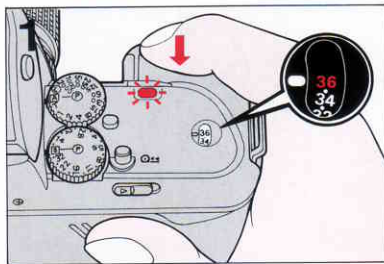
*\*Shutter is locked.*



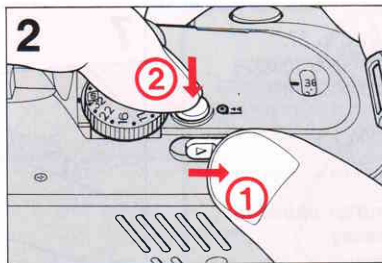
Fully depress shutter release button to take picture. This automatically advances film by one frame.

- Upon shutter release, the exposure indicator LED(s) turns off approx. 2 sec. after you remove your finger from the button.
- If camera detects abnormality during film advance (when film is loaded), the self-timer indicator LED blinks for a few seconds. If this happens, set the shutter speed dial to L (lock), then proceed as usual.

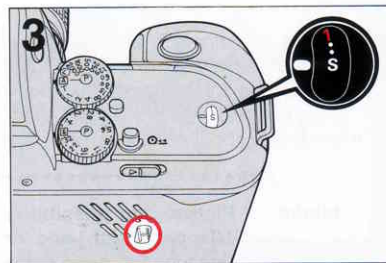
## REWINDING FILM



The film advance stops automatically at the end of the roll. Then, the self-timer indicator LED blinks for a few seconds and the shutter locks.

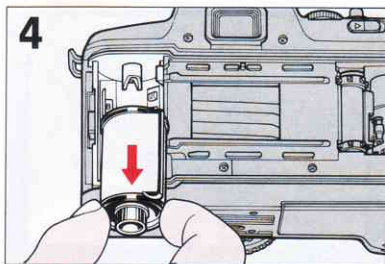


While sliding film rewind lever, push the film rewind button.



After rewinding stops, confirm film frame counter has returned to "S" and the self-timer indicator LED blinks (stops after approx. 2 seconds.)

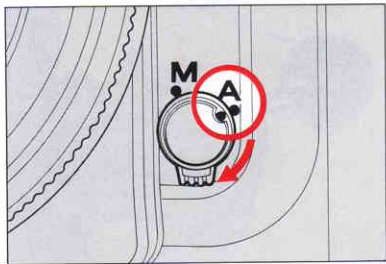
If you do not rewind the film when you come to the end of the roll, each time the shutter release button is depressed, the self-timer indicator LED blinks for a few seconds to remind you to rewind it.



Open camera back and remove film cartridge.

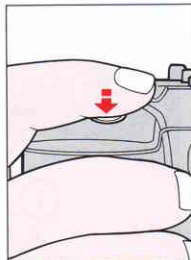
# FOCUS

## AUTOFOCUS



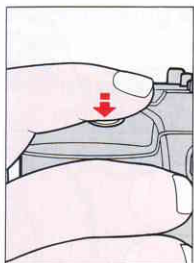
In autofocus mode, the shutter cannot be released until the subject is correctly focused, and once in focus, the focus is locked as long as the shutter release button remains lightly pressed.

If subject is moving, focus tracking works automatically. The focus tracking system enables the camera to analyse the speed of the moving subject according to focus detection data, and drive the autofocus lens by anticipating the position at the exact moment of exposure. So you can get correctly in-focus-pictures for most moving subjects, as well as stationary subjects.



### With a stationary subject

When subject is in focus, autofocus stops and ● appears. Once subject is in focus, focus is locked. If subject moves, remove your finger from shutter release button, then lightly press it again to start autofocus with focus tracking.

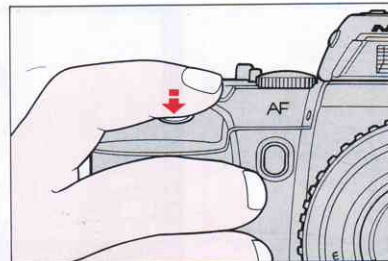


### With a moving subject

Focus tracking is automatically activated when you lightly press the shutter release button, as the lens is being driven. As soon as in-focus image is expected, ● appears, indicating that you can release shutter. If subject stops, focus is locked. If subject moves again, remove your finger from the shutter release button and lightly press it again to start autofocus with focus tracking.

With a moving subject, depending on subject status and lens in use, slightly-out-of-focus picture may result.

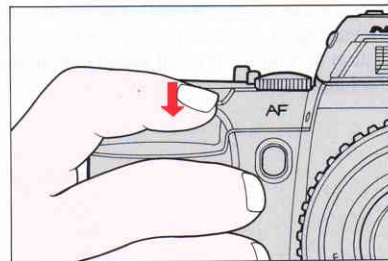
## Taking pictures with an off-centre main subject



1. Centre the focus brackets on the subject and lightly press the shutter release button.



2. Confirm the focus indicator LED lights up.

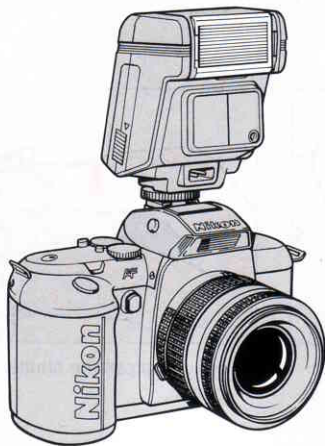


3. Keeping the shutter release button lightly pressed, recompose and fully depress the shutter release button.

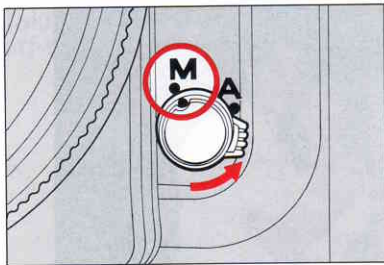
## Autofocusing with AF illuminator

If existing light is insufficient for autofocus operation:

1. Mount Nikon Autofocus Speedlight SB-24/SB-23/SB-22/SB-20 on the accessory shoe of the F-401x.
2. Lightly press the shutter release button.
3. The speedlight's AF illuminator lights up to start autofocus operation. For details, see speedlight instruction manual.



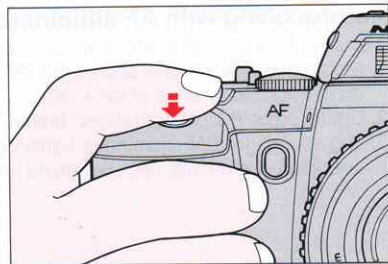
## MANUAL FOCUS WITH ELECTRONIC FOCUSING CONFIRMATION



1. Set focus mode selector to M (manual). If the lens in use has an A-M switch, set the switch to M.



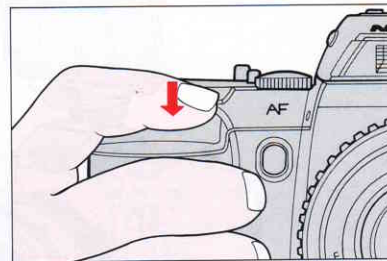
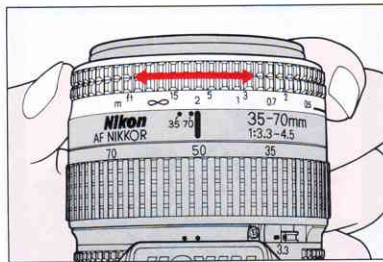
2. Look inside viewfinder and centre the focus brackets on the main subject.



3. Lightly press the shutter release button.

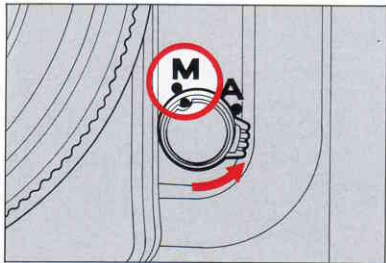


4. Keeping the shutter release button lightly pressed, watch the focus indicator LED in the viewfinder and rotate the lens focusing ring manually until the focus indicator LED lights up.



5. Fully depress the shutter release button.

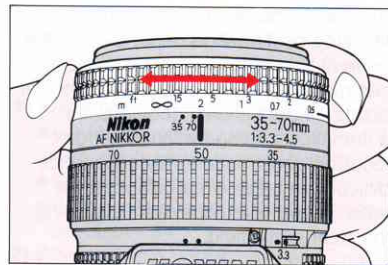
## MANUAL FOCUS USING CLEAR MATTE FIELD



1. Set the focus mode selector to M (manual).

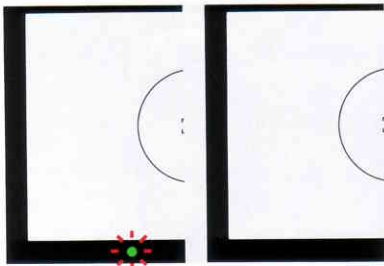


2. Focus subject using the clear matte field.

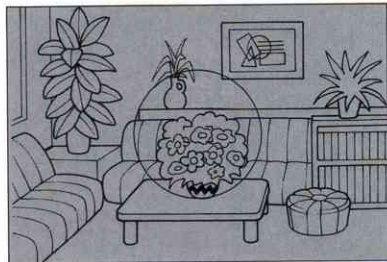


## SPECIAL FOCUSING SITUATIONS

Autofocus operation and electronic focusing confirmation depend upon the general lighting of the scene, subject contrast and details, and other technical points. Under certain conditions, the automatic focusing system/electronic focusing confirmation may experience difficulty. In these circumstances, we recommend you focus manually using the clear matte field.

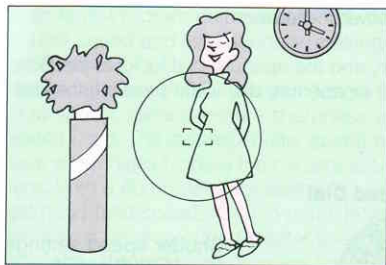


Focus indicator LED blinks or disappears with the following subjects:



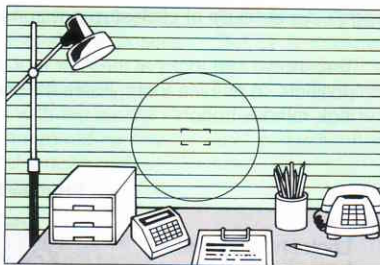
### 1) Very dark subject

Focus manually, or for autofocus, focus on another, brighter subject located at the same distance, or use accessory Nikon Autofocus Speedlight SB-24, SB-23, SB-22 or SB-20. (No other flash unit can be used.)



## 2) Low-contrast subject

Focus manually, or for autofocus, focus on another subject located at the same distance — but with more contrast — until the green focus indicator LED appears.



## 3) Subject with no vertical lines

Turn the camera sideways to focus, or focus manually. You may also select autofocus, then focus on another subject with vertical lines located at the same distance.

In the following situations, ignore focus-indicator LED and focus manually using the clear matte field.

### 1) When shooting the following:

- Very bright subject with shiny surface, such as silver or aluminum.
- Strongly backlit subject.
- Scene with subject located at different distances.

### 2) When using a polarising filter. (Circular polarising filter can be used for autofocus operation.)

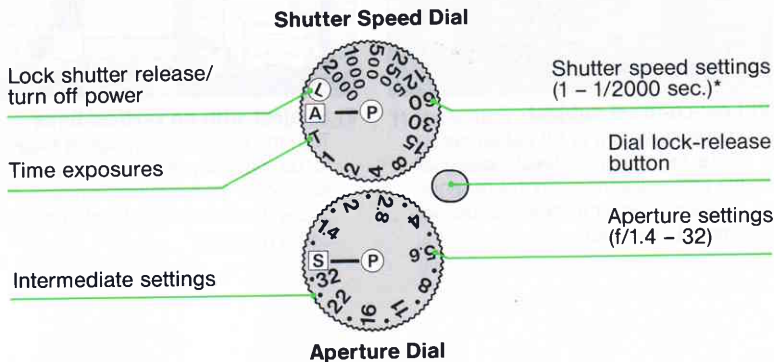
# EXPOSURE

Exposure control consists of two parts — aperture control and shutter speed control. The aperture works basically the same way as the iris of the human eye and controls the amount of light passing through the lens. The shutter, located in the camera body, varies the amount of light admitted to the film by opening and closing at different speeds. Together, these two controls determine the amount of light that strikes the film, resulting in exposure control. Using the shutter speed and aperture dials of the F-401x, you can select three different automatic exposure control modes and one manual mode.

## SHUTTER SPEED DIAL AND APERTURE DIAL

Always set dials at click-stop positions — never in-between.

The shutter dial locks at the A or L position, and the aperture dial locks at the S position. To release them, rotate the shutter or aperture dial while pressing the dial lock-release button.



| Shutter speed dial | Aperture dial | Exposure mode          |
|--------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| A                  | S             | Programmed auto        |
| 1 - 2000           | S             | Shutter-priority auto  |
| A                  | 1.4 - 32      | Aperture-priority auto |
| T, 1 - 2000        | 1.4 - 32      | Manual                 |

*\*In programmed auto exposure mode, shutter speed is automatically controlled from 8 to 1/2000 sec.; in aperture-priority auto exposure mode, shutter speed is automatically controlled from 30 to 1/2000 sec.*

## PROGRAMMED AUTO EXPOSURE MODE – AUTO MULTI-PROGRAM

Auto Multi-Program automatically sets the best combination of shutter speed and lens aperture, making it the easiest exposure mode to use.

Because lenses of different focal length handle differently at slow shutter speeds, picture sharpness varies with the shutter speed used. The slowest shutter speed recommended for any lens when hand-holding the camera is  $1/(\text{focal length})$  of the lens. With a 60mm lens, for example, use 1/60 sec. as the slowest hand-held speed. Keep in mind, however, that 1/30 sec. is the lowest recommended shutter speed for blur-free hand-held shooting. The exposure program line for F-401x's Auto Multi-Program varies according to the focal length and maximum aperture of the lens. The following chart shows how the possibility of picture blur is reduced by avoiding slower shutter speeds.

### Auto Multi-Program chart

The EV (exposure value) charts demonstrate the differences among program lines of various lenses. Follow either coloured line to where it intersects a diagonal line. This shows the combination of aperture (vertical line) and shutter speed (horizontal line) that will automatically be selected at each EV brightness level.



**Auto Multi-Program Chart (ISO 100)**

- With 50mm f/1.4
- - - With 28mm f/2.8
- With Zoom 35-135mm f/3.5-f/4.5 at 100mm (f/4.2) setting

## SHUTTER-PRIORITY AUTO EXPOSURE MODE

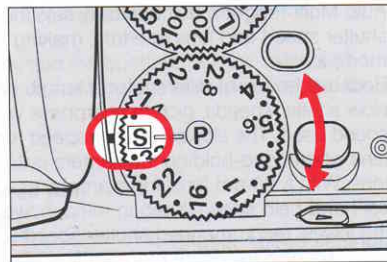
This mode lets you choose shutter speeds manually, so you can freeze the action with sharp, clear outlines using fast shutter speeds, or create motion effects by choosing slower shutter speeds. The microcomputer in the F-401x automatically selects the correct aperture to match the shutter speed you set.



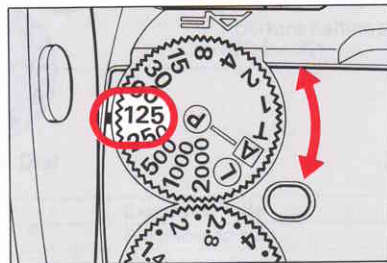
At a fast shutter speed



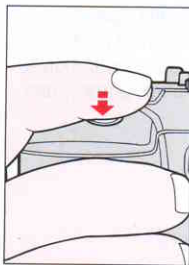
At a slow shutter speed



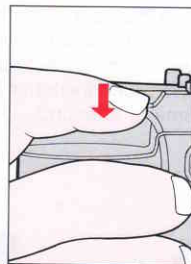
1. Set aperture dial to S.



2. Set shutter speed dial to desired speed.



3. Look inside viewfinder and lightly press the shutter release button.



4. When the exposure indicator LED lights up, fully depress the shutter release button.

**+ lights up\* or**

**+ ○ light up**

Select a higher shutter speed

**- lights up\* or**

**○ - light up**

Select a slower shutter speed, or use built-in TTL flash or speedlight

**+/- blink alternately\***

Select lens to its smallest aperture setting

**+/- disappear\***

Shutter dial is set to "T"; select other position

*\*Shutter is locked.*

## APERTURE-PRIORITY EXPOSURE MODE

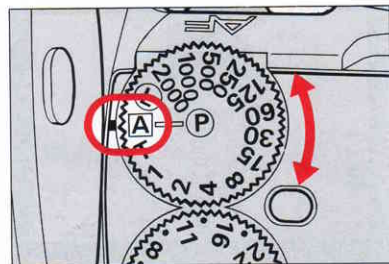
The microcomputer in the F-401x automatically selects the correct shutter speed to match the aperture you set. This is the recommended mode when depth of field is your prime consideration. To create softer, less distinct backgrounds, as in portraits, use wider apertures. For overall sharp, clear picture, such as scenic photography, use smaller apertures.



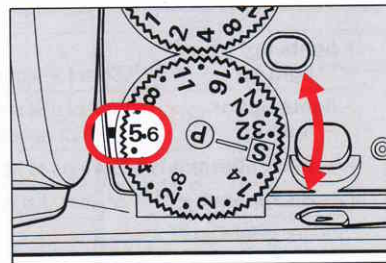
At wide aperture



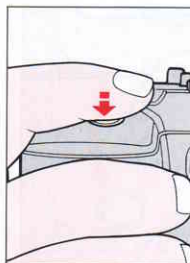
At small aperture



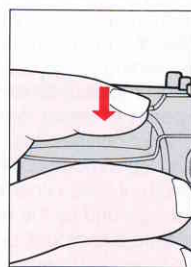
1. Set shutter speed dial to A.



2. Set aperture dial to desired f-number.



3. Look inside viewfinder and lightly press shutter release button.



4. When the exposure indicator LED lights up, fully depress the shutter release button.

○ **blinks**

Picture blur possibility (shutter speed is  $1/[\text{focal length}]$  sec. or slower). Select faster aperture setting (smaller f-number), or use a tripod to avoid camera shake.

+ **lights up\*** or

+ ○ **light up**

Select slower aperture setting (larger f-number).

- **lights up\*** or

○ - **light up**

Select a faster aperture setting, or use built-in TTL flash or speedlight.

+/- **blink alternately\*** Set lens to its smallest aperture setting.

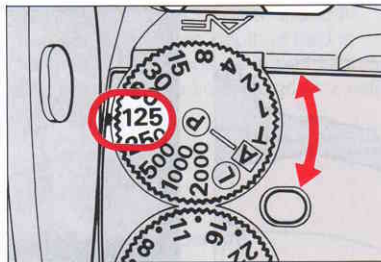
\*Shutter is locked

If aperture dial is set beyond lens' aperture range, aperture is automatically adjusted to minimum or maximum setting, whichever is nearest, and correct shutter speed is selected accordingly.

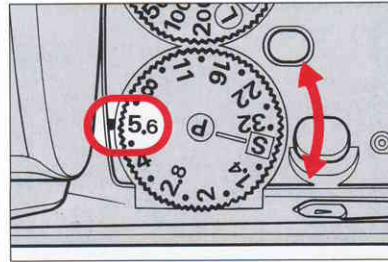
## MANUAL EXPOSURE MODE

In manual exposure mode, both shutter speed and aperture can be set manually according to the desired effect. Use fast shutter speeds to stop the action, slower speeds to create motion effects or less distinct outlines. Manually setting the exposure mode also lets you control depth of field, either by softening the background so the main subject of the picture stands out, or by creating overall uniform sharpness.

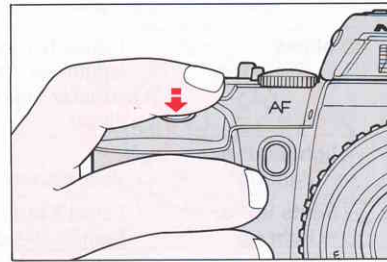
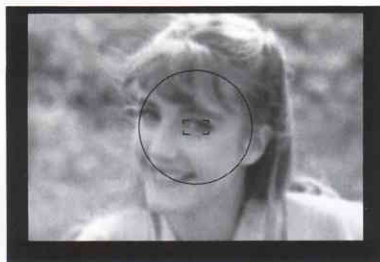
Note that Centre-Weighted Metering is selected in manual exposure mode.



1. Set shutter speed dial to desired speed.



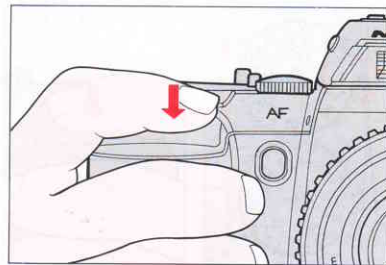
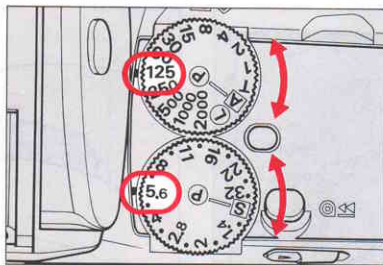
2. Set aperture dial to desired f-number.



3. With your eye on the viewfinder, lightly press the shutter release button.



4. Rotate either shutter speed dial or aperture dial until exposure indicator LED lights up.



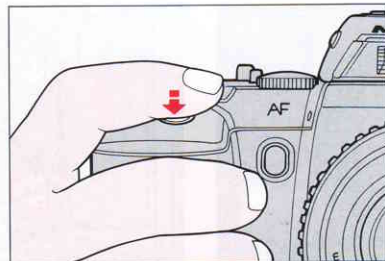
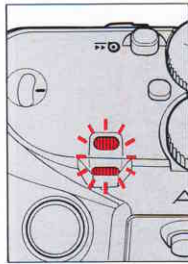
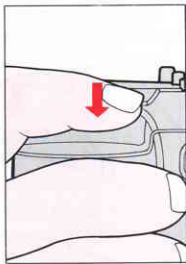
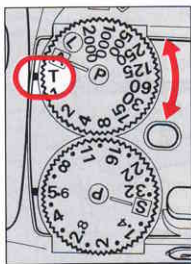
5. Fully depress the shutter release button.

+ or - LED lights up in the following cases\*:

|     |                              |                 |
|-----|------------------------------|-----------------|
| +   | <b>Overexposure warning</b>  | +1EV ~          |
| + ○ | <b>Overexposure warning</b>  | +1/3EV ~ +1EV   |
| ○   | <b>Correct exposure</b>      | -1/3EV ~ +1/3EV |
| ○ - | <b>Underexposure warning</b> | -1EV ~ -1/3EV   |
| -   | <b>Underexposure warning</b> | ~ -1EV          |

\*Shutter does not lock in any of these cases.

If aperture dial is set beyond lens' aperture range, aperture is automatically adjusted to minimum or maximum setting, whichever is nearest.



## T setting

For long-time exposures, use the T setting.

To avoid camera shake, it is advisable to use a tripod.

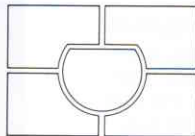
1. Set the shutter speed dial to T.
2. Fully depress the shutter release button then remove finger from the button. After 0.5 sec., exposure begins.
3. During exposure, the self-timer indicator LED blinks every second.

4. To stop the exposure, lightly press the shutter release button.

- Long-time exposures can be performed in self-timer operation; for self-timer operation, see pages 44 to 45.
- A fresh set of alkaline-manganese batteries will allow you to perform long-time exposure for approximately seven hours.
- The T setting can only be used in manual exposure mode; be sure to set the aperture dial to a setting other than S. With the shutter speed dial at T and the aperture dial set at S, lightly pressing the shutter release button causes the self-timer indicator LED to blink.

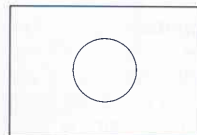
## MATRIX METERING

The Nikon F-401x provides two types of exposure metering systems – Matrix Metering and Centre-Weighted Metering.



In auto exposure modes (programmed auto, shutter-priority auto and aperture-priority auto), Matrix Metering is selected. The Matrix Metering sensor determines scene brightness by dividing the scene into five areas, then analysing each area for brightness and scene contrast. Thus, the meter automatically provides the correct exposure of the main subject in virtually any lighting situation, without requiring manual exposure compensation.

## CENTRE-WEIGHTED METERING



In manual exposure mode or when AEL (Auto Exposure Lock) button\* is used, the camera automatically switches to Centre-Weighted Metering. Centre-Weighted Metering places special emphasis on brightness within the 12mm-diameter central area of the viewfinder, and is recommended for creating special effects.

*\*For AEL button, see page 42.*

## MATRIX METERING VS. CENTRE-WEIGHTED METERING

In scenes with both very bright and very dark areas, these two metering systems produce varying results. For example:

### A. Scene containing the sun or scenes with high reflectivity

If a scene containing strong highlights, such as the sun, snow or bright reflections, Centre-Weighted Metering renders the main subject as a silhouette. With Matrix Metering, however, the light value of darker parts is evaluated, resulting in an overall well-balanced exposure.

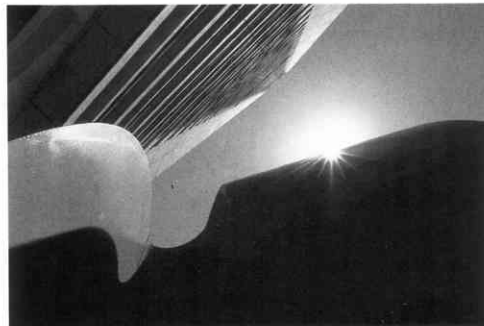
### B. Outdoor backlit subject

With Centre-Weighted Metering, a backlit subject or scene with people against a bright sky and/or clouds may lead to an underexposed subject. With Matrix Metering, however, the camera automatically gives more exposure to darker subjects to ensure a balanced overall exposure.

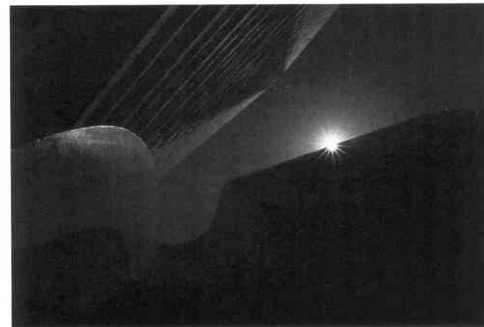
### C. Front-lit subject against dark background

If a brightly lit off-centre subject is positioned against a dark background, Centre-Weighted Metering places too much emphasis on the dark centre of the picture. So although the background is correctly exposed, the main subject will be overexposed. Matrix Metering, however, automatically integrates a dark background with a bright subject to ensure the best overall exposure.

Scene containing the sun



Matrix Metering



Centre-Weighted Metering

**Outdoor backlit subject**



**Matrix Metering**



**Centre-Weighted Metering**

**Front-lit subject**



**Matrix Metering**



**Centre-Weighted Metering**

#### **D. Small, dark subjects against a bright background**

A subject significantly smaller than any one of the five sensor areas may not be recognised and integrated into the automatic exposure evaluation. For such subjects, we recommend you use either the AEL button or manual exposure control for Centre-Weighted Metering.



**Centre-Weighted Metering (with AEL button)**  
Main subject is correctly exposed. For details, see page 42.



**Matrix Metering**



**Centre-Weighted Metering**

### E. Sunset scenes

When you want to emphasise a dramatic sunset, but don't want the Matrix Metering to lighten the scene for dark foreground subject, use the AEL button or manual exposure control for Centre-Weighted Metering.



Matrix Metering



Centre-Weighted Metering

## CENTRE-WEIGHTED METERING FOR SPECIAL EXPOSURE SITUATIONS

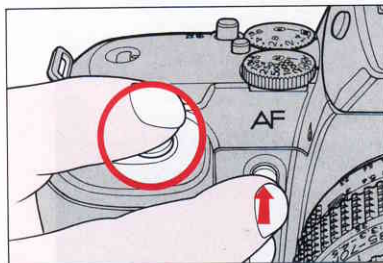
### AEL (Auto Exposure Lock) button



1. Centre main subject inside viewfinder and/or move in closer so the 12mm circle is covered by the subject.



2. Lightly press shutter release button.

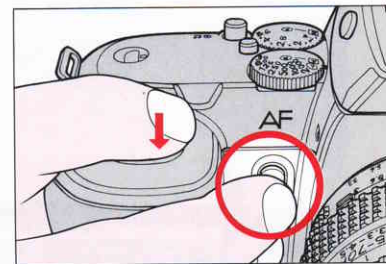


3. While lightly pressing shutter release button, depress the AEL button and hold it in.

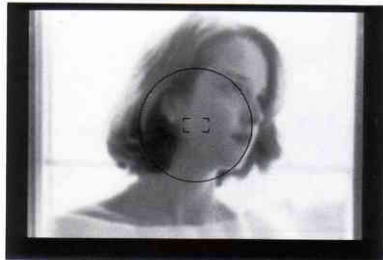


4. Recompose and shoot.

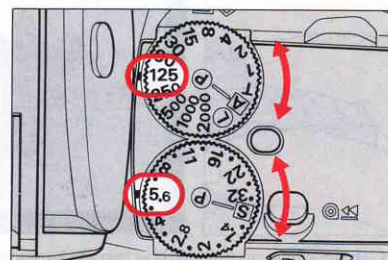
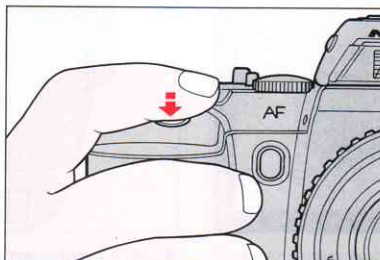
- When recomposing may change the subject-to-camera distance, refocus by briefly removing your finger from the shutter release button and lightly pressing it again.



## Manual exposure mode



1. Centre main subject inside viewfinder and/or move in closer so the 12mm circle is covered by the subject. Lightly press the shutter release button.



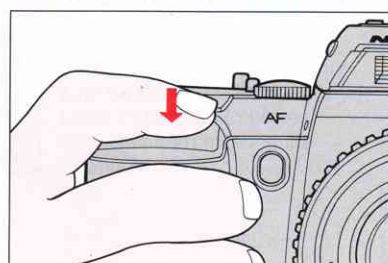
2. Adjust the shutter speed and aperture for correct exposure.



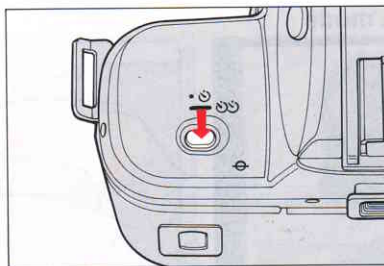
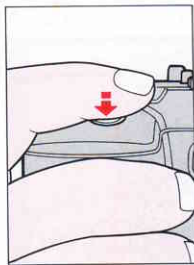
3. Confirm the exposure indicator LED lights up.



4. Recompose and shoot.
  - When recomposing may change the subject-to-camera distance, refocus by briefly removing your finger from the shutter release button and lightly pressing it again.



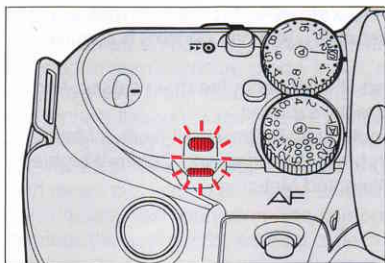
# SELF-TIMER



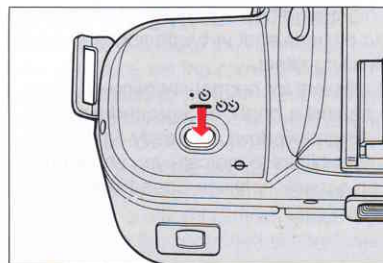
1. Compose picture, lightly press shutter release button, then confirm focus and exposure.

- *In self-timer operation, the shutter is released whether subject is in focus or not. To assure a focused image, focus subject before pressing self-timer button.*

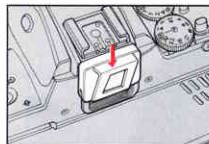
2. Press self-timer button to start self-timer operation.  
**For one-shot self-timer:** Press self-timer button and remove finger within two seconds (before self-timer indicator starts blinking).  
**For two-shot self-timer:** Press self-timer button for three seconds or longer, confirm self-timer indicator LED has started blinking, then remove finger from the button.



3. Shutter will be released after approx. 10 seconds. For the first seven seconds, self-timer indicator LED blinks; for the final three seconds, the LED lights up, warning you to get ready. For two-shot self-timer operation, the second shot will be taken five seconds after the first.



**To cancel the self-timer after activating:** Press self-timer button again.



In programmed auto, shutter-priority auto or aperture priority-auto exposure mode, use eyepiece cover DK-5 to prevent stray light from entering the viewfinder.

# FLASH PHOTOGRAPHY

Generally performed at night or in dim light, flash photography also removes shadows in pictures shot in bright sunlight, resulting in a more natural, pleasing effect.

When existing light is insufficient for normal shooting or when shooting a dark subject against a bright background (i.e., subject positioned against a bright window), the ready-light indicator LED inside the viewfinder blinks to indicate you should use the built-in TTL flash or an accessory Nikon Speedlight.



## AUTOMATIC BALANCED FILL-FLASH

With either the Nikon F-401x's built-in TTL flash or Nikon dedicated Speedlight set at TTL you can perform automatic balanced fill-flash.

With automatic balanced fill-flash, both the main subject and the background are correctly exposed.

There are two types of automatic balanced fill-flash — Matrix Balanced Fill-Flash with Matrix Metering and Centre-Weighted Fill-Flash with Centre-Weighted Metering.

## Matrix Balanced Fill-Flash

As mentioned on page 37, Matrix Metering is automatically selected in auto exposure mode. In TTL auto flash photography, the Matrix Meter reads the scene's light levels/light pattern and signals the computer, which then calculates available-light exposure settings. When the shutter is released, the camera's TTL sensor senses the available light and flash illumination, then relays this information to the computer, which automatically controls flash operation. The computer automatically determines the appropriate amount of flash output compensation required. As soon as the right amount of flash illumination is output (with automatic compensation), the computer turns off the flash. The result is a well-balanced photo with correct exposure for both the background and foreground subject. All this takes place automatically and much quicker than it can be explained.

## Centre-Weighted Fill-Flash

If you want to choose the brightness level for a basic available-light exposure, set the camera's exposure mode to manual exposure mode to perform Centre-Weighted Fill-Flash. By pointing the centre-weighted area at different parts of the picture, you can choose the desired brightness level. If the brightness value you have selected is within the controlled shutter/aperture range\*, flash output compensation will be made automatically for a natural fill-flash effect. If you select a brightness value beyond the controlled shutter/aperture range, flash will be output without compensation.

*\* See page 62.*

The following shows operation with the built-in TTL flash. For flash photography operation with an accessory Nikon Speedlight, see the Speedlight instruction manual. For accessory Nikon Speedlight compatibility, see page 64.

## USING BUILT-IN TTL FLASH

- Do not touch the flash when firing it; normal operation can make it quite hot.
- *Never fire the flash more than 20 consecutive times at intervals of 5 sec. or shorter. Firing continuously more than 20 times may impair flash performance. After each major flash shooting, let the flash rest at least 10 minutes before firing again.*  
When you continuously fire the flash, the camera's handgrip may become hot due to normal operation. In this case, it will take longer for the ready-light come on because the flash automatically stops charging for a while.
- When battery voltage decreases due to low temperature or weak batteries, the ready-light may turn off even after it lights up once. Before shooting, make sure the ready-light is on.
- When the built-in TTL flash is up, an accessory Speedlight will not fire. When using a Speedlight, store the built-in TTL flash in the down position.
- Before shooting, make sure your subject is within the flash shooting distance range.
- Usable film speed range for the built-in TTL flash is ISO 25 to ISO 800.
- For usable lenses, see page 61.

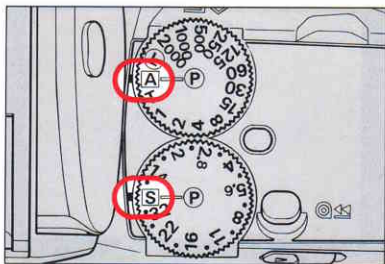
### Notes on selecting aperture

#### In aperture-priority auto and manual exposure mode

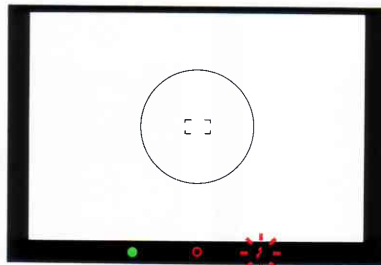
- The larger the aperture (the smaller the f-number) you select, the greater the maximum shooting distance, whereas the smaller the aperture (the larger the f-number), the less the maximum shooting distance.
- When subject distance remains the same, as the aperture increases, the depth of field becomes smaller. The smaller the aperture, the greater the depth of field.

#### In shutter-priority auto exposure mode

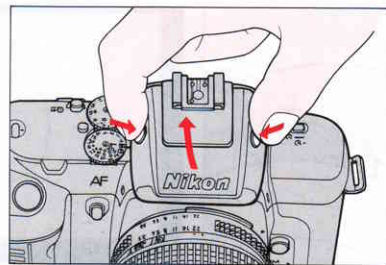
- With a slower shutter speed, a smaller aperture is automatically selected, causing a shorter shooting distance range.
- If shutter speed remains the same, as background brightness increases, the aperture becomes smaller. To perform flash shooting in daytime, Nikon recommends that you switch to aperture-priority auto or manual exposure mode in order to select a wider aperture for greater flash shooting distance.



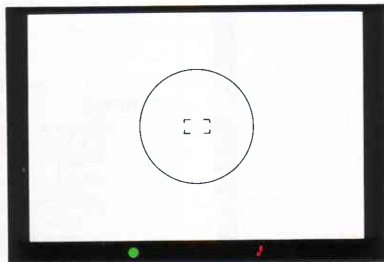
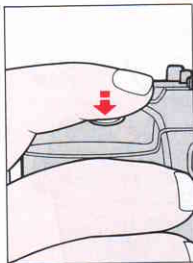
**Operation in programmed auto exposure mode**



1. If subject brightness is insufficient, the viewfinder ready-light blinks to suggest that you use a flash.



2. Press both flash lock-release buttons. The built-in TTL flash will pop up and automatically turn on.



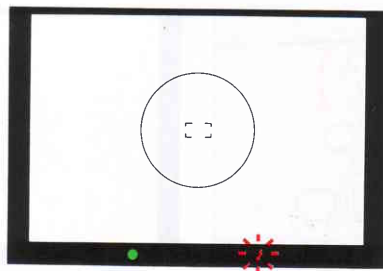
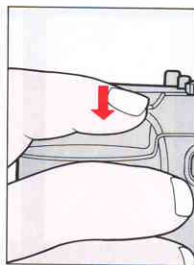
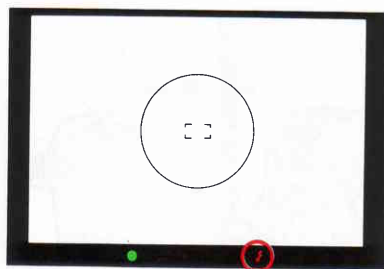
3. Compose picture and lightly press shutter release button.
- Do not use AEL button in Matrix Balanced Fill-Flash.
  - For controlled shutter speed/aperture, see table on page 62.

4. Make sure the subject is within the flash shooting distance range.

**Guide for flash shooting distance range (at ISO 100):**

|                                                     |             |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| For subjects backlit by the sun                     | 0.6m ~ 0.8m |
| For outdoor subjects on sunny day                   | 0.6m ~ 1.5m |
| For outdoor subjects on cloudy day<br>or in shadows | 0.7m ~ 2.1m |
| For indoor subjects                                 | 0.7m ~ 4.3m |

*The listed ranges should only be used as a guide. To choose desired flash shooting distance range, switch exposure mode to aperture-priority auto or manual.*

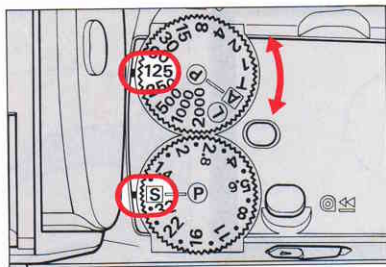


5. Confirm ready-light is on, then fully depress shutter release button to take a shot with the flash.

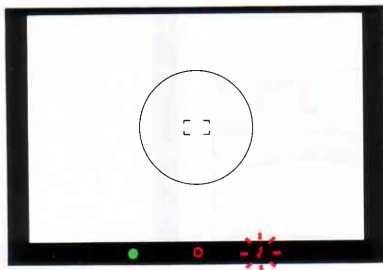
- *With ready-light off, the flash is charging and shutter remains locked.*

**If ready-light blinks for a few seconds after shooting:**

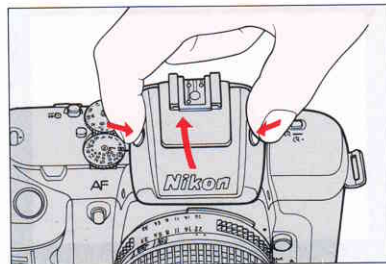
The flash has fired at its maximum output and light might be insufficient. Confirm shooting distance and, if necessary, move closer to subject, or switch exposure mode to aperture-priority auto to select a wider aperture.



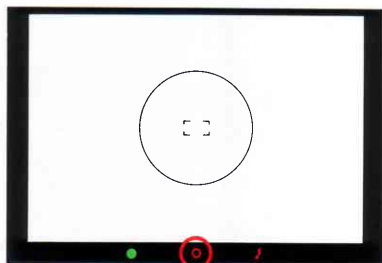
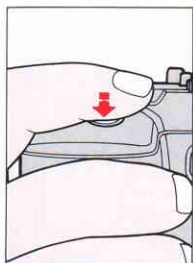
### Operation in shutter-priority auto exposure mode



1. If subject brightness is insufficient, the viewfinder ready-light blinks to suggest that you use a flash.



2. Press both flash lock-release buttons. The built-in TTL flash will pop up and automatically turn on.



- 3.** Compose picture and lightly press shutter release button. Confirm exposure indicator LED for background exposure.

|                    |                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ○ lights up        | Correct exposure                                                                                                                          |
| + or + ○ light up* | Background may be overexposed. Select faster shutter speed                                                                                |
| — or ○ — light up* | Background may be underexposed. Select slower shutter speed. If — remains with a shutter speed of 1 sec., background will be underexposed |

\* With a flash, the shutter will not lock even if + or — lights up.

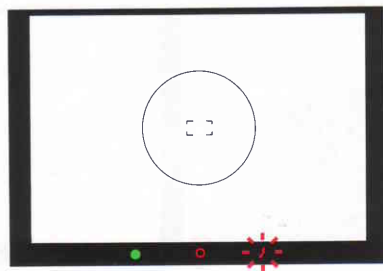
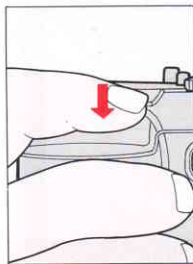
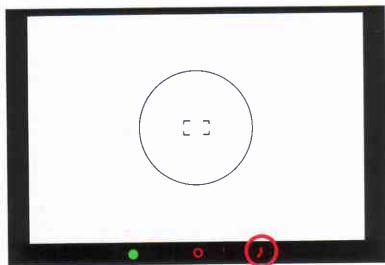
- For controlled shutter speed/aperture, see the table on page 62.
- Do not use AEL button in Matrix Balanced Fill-Flash.

- 4.** Make sure subject is within the flash shooting distance range.

**Guide for flash shooting distance range (at ISO 100):**

|                                               |                         |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| For subjects backlit by the sun               | 0.6m~0.8m at 1/125 sec. |
| For outdoor subjects on sunny day             | 0.6m~1.5m at 1/125 sec. |
| For outdoor subjects on cloudy day/in shadows | 0.7m~2.1m at 1/125 sec. |
| For indoor subjects                           | 0.7m~4.3m at 1/30 sec.  |

The listed ranges should only be used as a guide. To choose desired flash shooting distance range, switch exposure mode to aperture-priority auto or manual.

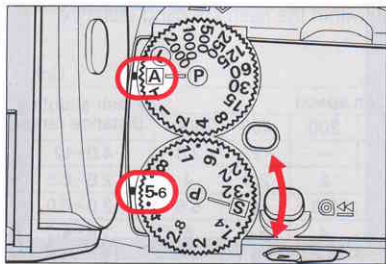


5. Confirm ready-light is on, then fully depress shutter release button to take a shot with the flash.

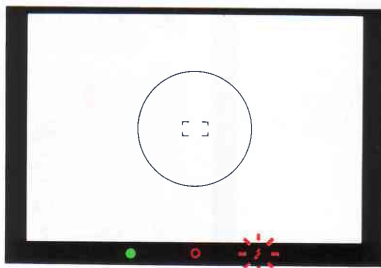
- *With ready-light off, the flash is charging and shutter remains locked.*

**If ready-light blinks for a few seconds after shooting:**

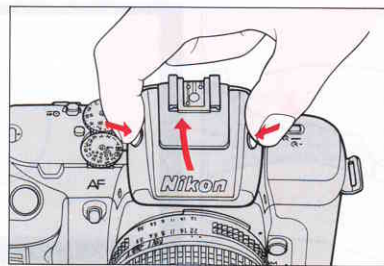
The flash has fired at its maximum output and light might be insufficient. Confirm shooting distance and, if necessary, move closer to the subject or switch exposure mode to aperture-priority auto to select a wider aperture.



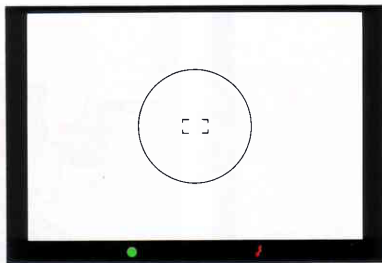
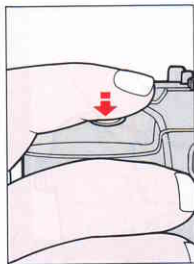
### Operation in aperture-priority auto exposure mode



1. If subject brightness is insufficient, the viewfinder ready-light blinks to suggest that you use a flash.



2. Press both flash lock-release buttons. The built-in TTL flash will pop up and automatically turn on.



3. Compose picture and lightly press shutter release button.  
Confirm exposure indicator LED for background exposure.

|                    |                                                                          |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ○ lights up        | Correct exposure                                                         |
| + or + ○ light up* | Background may be overexposed. Select smaller aperture (larger f-number) |
| — or ○ — light up* | Background may be underexposed. Select wider aperture (smaller f-number) |

\* With a flash, shutter will not lock even if + or — lights up.

- For controlled shutter speed, see page 62.
- Do not use AEL button in Matrix Balanced Fill-Flash.

4. Make sure subject is within the flash shooting distance range.

Unit: m

|          | ISO film speed |     |     |     |     |     | Flash shooting distance range |
|----------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------------|
|          | 25             | 50  | 100 | 200 | 400 | 800 |                               |
| Aperture | —              | —   | —   | —   | 2   | 2.8 | 4.0~12                        |
|          | —              | —   | —   | 2   | 2.8 | 4   | 2.8~8.5                       |
|          | —              | 1.4 | 2   | 2.8 | 4   | 5.6 | 2.0~6.0                       |
|          | 1.4            | 2   | 2.8 | 4   | 5.6 | 8   | 1.4~4.2                       |
|          | 2              | 2.8 | 4   | 5.6 | 8   | 11  | 1.0~3.0                       |
|          | 2.8            | 4   | 5.6 | 8   | 11  | 16  | 0.7~2.1                       |
|          | 4              | 5.6 | 8   | 11  | 16  | 22  | 0.6~1.5                       |
|          | 5.6            | 8   | 11  | 16  | 22  | —   | 0.6~1.1                       |
|          | 8              | 11  | 16  | 22  | —   | —   | 0.6~0.8                       |

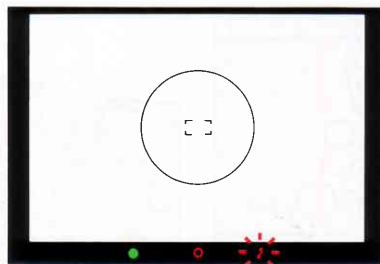
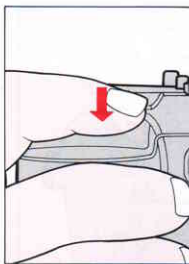
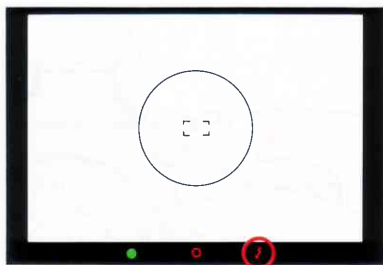
You can also estimate the maximum shooting distance by guide number.

$$\frac{\text{guide number}}{\text{full aperture}} = \text{Maximum shooting distance}$$

i.e., if an f/4 lens is used at ISO 100:

$$\frac{12}{4} = 3\text{m}$$

Guide number for each ISO is shown on page 62.

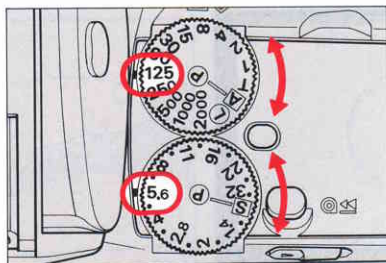


5. Confirm ready-light is on, then fully depress shutter release button to take a shot with a flash.

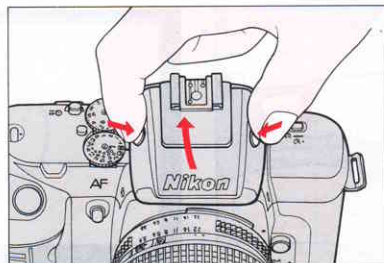
- *With ready-light off, flash is charging and shutter is locked.*

**If ready-light blinks for a few seconds after shooting:**

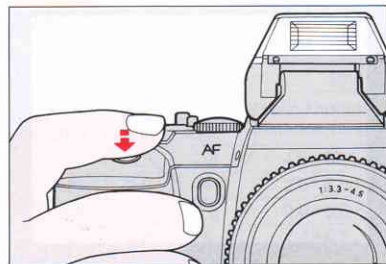
The flash has fired at its maximum output and light might be insufficient. Confirm shooting distance and, if necessary, move closer to subject or select a wider aperture.



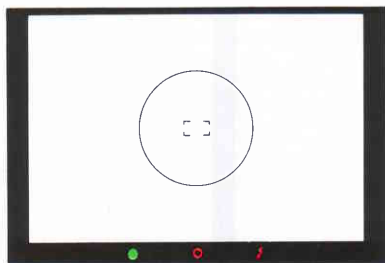
## Operation in manual exposure mode



1. Press both flash lock-release buttons. The built-in TTL flash will pop up and automatically turn on.  
 ● *In manual exposure mode, the ready-light does not appear to recommend flash use.*



2. Look through the viewfinder, center camera on the area where you desire a correct exposure and lightly press the shutter release button.



### 3. Confirm exposure indicator LED.

|                      |                                                    |                                                                              |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ○ lights up          | Correct exposure                                   |                                                                              |
| + lights up          | Background may be overexposed.<br>(Over +1EV)      | Select faster shutter speed<br>and/or smaller aperture<br>(larger f-number)  |
| + and ○<br>lights up | Background may be overexposed.<br>(+1/3EV ~ +1EV)  |                                                                              |
| - and ○<br>lights up | Background may be underexposed.<br>(-1/3EV ~ -1EV) | Select slower shutter<br>speed and/or wider aper-<br>ture (smaller f-number) |
| - lights up          | Background may be underexposed.<br>(Below -1EV)    |                                                                              |

● For controlled shutter speed, see the table on page 62.

### 4. Make sure subject is within the flash shooting distance range. With ISO 100 film, for example, flash shooting distance range will be:

At f/2                      2.0m~6.0m

At f/2.8                  1.4m~4.2m

At f/4                     1.0m~3.0m

At f/5.6                  0.7m~2.1m

At f/8                     0.6m~1.5m

At f/11                   0.6m~1.1m

At f/16                   0.6m~0.8m

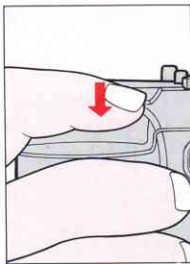
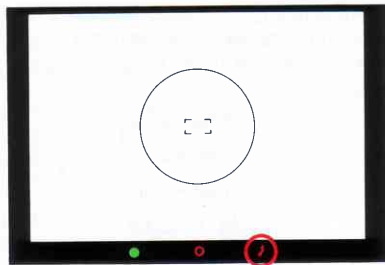
For other film speeds, see the table on page 56. You can also estimate maximum shooting distance using the guide number.

$$\frac{\text{guide number}}{\text{full aperture}} = \text{Maximum shooting distance}$$

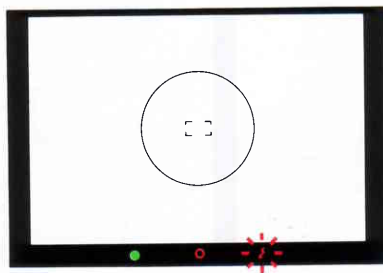
i.e., if an f/4 lens is used at ISO 100:

$$\frac{12}{4} = 3\text{m}$$

Guide number for each ISO is shown on page 62.



5. Recompose as desired, confirm ready-light is on, then fully depress shutter release button to take a shot with the flash.
- *With ready-light off, flash is charging and shutter remains locked.*



**If ready-light blinks for a few seconds after shooting:**

The flash has fired at its maximum output and light might be insufficient. Confirm shooting distance and, if necessary, move closer to subject or select a wider aperture.

## USABLE AF NIKKOR LENSES

- All non-Zoom AF Nikkor lenses from 28mm to 300mm can be used, except AF Nikkor ED 300mm f/2.8 IF.
  - Usable AF zoom lenses are:
    - AF 24-50mm f/3.3-f/4.5\*
    - AF 28-70mm f/3.5-f/4.5\*\*
    - AF 28-85mm f/3.5-f/4.5\*\*\*
    - AF 35-70mm f/2.8\*\*\*\*
    - AF 35-70mm f/3.3-f/4.5
    - AF 35-105mm f/3.5-f/4.5
    - AF 35-135mm f/3.5-f/4.5\*\*\*\*\*
    - AF 70-210mm f/4
    - AF 70-210mm f/4-f/5.6
    - AF 75-300mm f/4.5-f/5.6
    - AF 80-200mm f/2.8\*\*\*\*\*
  - \* *Cannot be used at a focal length shorter than 28mm, or when shooting a subject within 1m at 28mm focal length.*
  - \*\* *Cannot be used when shooting a subject within 1m at a focal length shorter than 35mm.*
  - \*\*\* *Cannot be used at a focal length shorter than 35mm, or when shooting a subject within 2m at 35mm focal length.*
  - \*\*\*\* *Cannot be used at a focal length shorter than 50mm.*
  - \*\*\*\*\* *Vignetting may occur when shooting a subject within 2m at 35mm focal length.*
  - \*\*\*\*\* *Cannot be used when shooting a subject within 2m at 80mm focal length.*
- Do not use a lens hood; it could cause slight vignetting.
  - Use only AF Nikkor lenses.

Note that zoom lenses cannot be used for macro focusing.

## BUILT-IN FLASH SPECIFICATIONS

Guide number

Unit: m

Angle of coverage

28mm to 300mm

| ISO film speed |     |     |     |     |     |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 25             | 50  | 100 | 200 | 400 | 800 |
| 6              | 8.5 | 12  | 17  | 24  | 34  |

### Controlled shutter speed/aperture in auto exposure mode

| Camera's exposure mode | Controlled shutter speed                                                                                                                                              | Controlled aperture                                       |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| Programmed auto        | <b>If focal length in use is 60mm or shorter:</b><br>1/(focal length) sec., to 1/125 sec.<br><b>If focal length in use is longer than 60mm:</b><br>1/60 to 1/125 sec. | Between available maximum aperture* and smallest aperture |
| Shutter-priority auto  | As set on dial (1/125 sec. to 1 sec.)**                                                                                                                               | Between available maximum aperture* and smallest aperture |
| Aperture-priority auto | <b>If focal length in use is 60mm or shorter:</b><br>1/(focal length) sec., to 1/125 sec.<br><b>If focal length in use is longer than 60mm:</b><br>1/60 to 1/125 sec. | As set on dial                                            |
| Manual                 | As set on dial (1/125 sec. to 1 sec. or T)**                                                                                                                          | As set on dial                                            |

\* Depends on film speed. See table at right.

\*\* If you set shutter speed dial to 1/250 or higher, shutter speed automatically switches to 1/125 sec., the camera's synchronization speed.

**Controlled maximum aperture in programmed and shutter-priority auto exposure mode:**

| ISO film speed<br>Lens in use | 25    | 50    | 100   | 200   | 400   | 800   |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| With f/1.4 lens               | f/2   | f/2.4 | f/2.8 | f/3.4 | f/4   | f/4.8 |
| With f/3.3 lens               | f/3.3 | f/3.3 | f/3.3 | f/3.4 | f/4   | f/4.8 |
| With f/4.5 lens               | f/4.5 | f/4.5 | f/4.5 | f/4.5 | f/4.5 | f/4.8 |

## SPEEDLIGHT COMPATIBILITY CHART

| Nikon Speedlight                                    | Connecting            | Speedlight's flash exposure mode                                               |                              |                       |                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
|                                                     |                       | TTL auto                                                                       |                              | Non-TTL auto flash*** | Manual flash*** |
|                                                     |                       | Matrix Balanced Fill-Flash*                                                    | Centre-Weighted Fill-Flash** |                       |                 |
| SB-24<br>SB-23<br>SB-22<br>SB-20<br>SB-16B<br>SB-15 | Direct                | Yes                                                                            | Yes                          | Yes<br>(except SB-23) | Yes             |
| SB-21B                                              | Direct                | Yes****                                                                        | Yes****                      | No                    | Yes             |
| SB-21A*****                                         | Via AS-6              | No                                                                             | No                           | No                    | Yes             |
| SB-11<br>SB-14<br>SB-140                            | Via SC-23             | Yes                                                                            | Yes                          | Yes                   | Yes             |
|                                                     | Via SC-13<br>or AS-15 | No                                                                             | No                           | Yes                   | Yes             |
| SB-17<br>SB-16A*****                                | Via AS-6              | No                                                                             | No                           | Yes                   | Yes             |
| Medical-Nikkor<br>120mm f/4 IF                      | SC-22<br>(Provided)   | <b>Guide Number System</b><br>(For details, see the lens' instruction manual.) |                              |                       |                 |

\* Possible when F-401x camera is set at programmed, shutter-priority or aperture-priority auto exposure mode.

\*\* Possible when the F-401x camera is set at manual exposure mode.

\*\*\* Possible when the F-401x camera is set at aperture-priority auto or manual exposure mode.

\*\*\*\* Although possible with the SB-21B, Matrix Balanced Fill-Flash and Centre-Weighted Fill-Flash are not recommended for close-up photography. With the F-401x camera, use SB-21 at manual flash exposure mode.

\*\*\*\*\* The difference between SB-21A and SB-21B, or between SB-16A and SB-16B, is the type of controller attached. (For details, see Speedlight instruction manual.)

9 1 10 5

Year/Month/Day

5 13:45

Day/Hour/Minute

---

No imprint

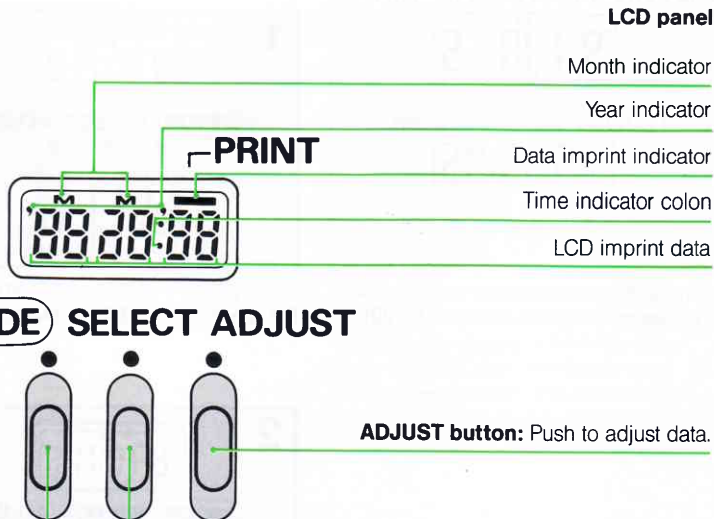
10 5 91

Month/Day/Year

5 10 91

Day/Month/Year

**MODE button:** Push to select one of the five available displays.



**SELECT button:** Push to select data to be adjusted.

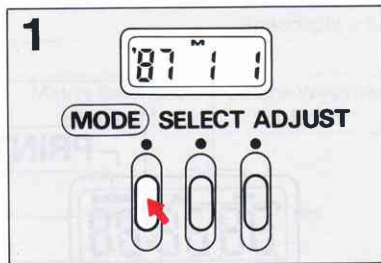
When the LCD becomes faint, replace lithium battery for the data imprint function (See page 72).

## SETTING DATE AND TIME

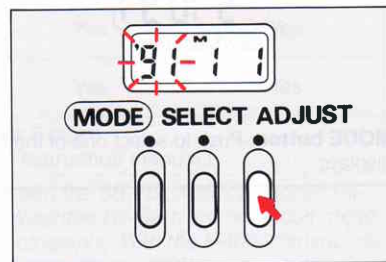
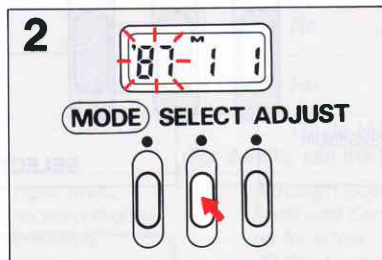
'91<sup>M</sup> 5

5 13:45

For practice, adjust date and time, as in this example — 13:45, October 5, 1991.

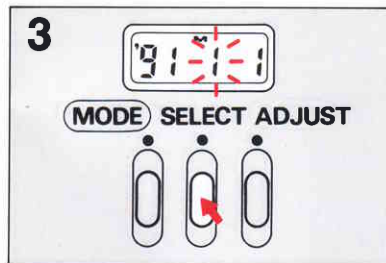


Display should show Year/Month/Day, Month/Day/Year or Day/Month/Year, as desired. For practice, push MODE button and select Year/Month/Day display.



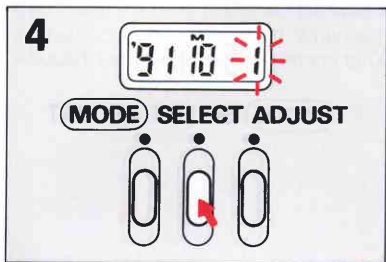
Set the year.

Push SELECT button so year section starts blinking indicating that it can be adjusted.  
Push ADJUST button to set the year.



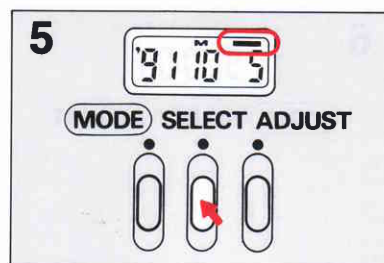
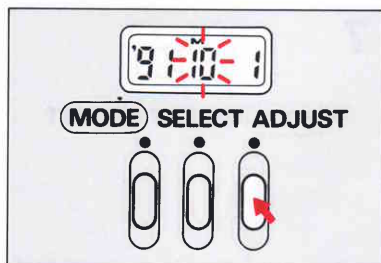
Set the month.

Push SELECT button so month section starts blinking, then push ADJUST button to set the correct month.

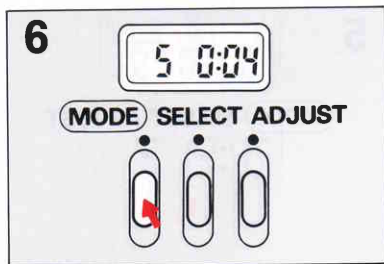


Set the day.

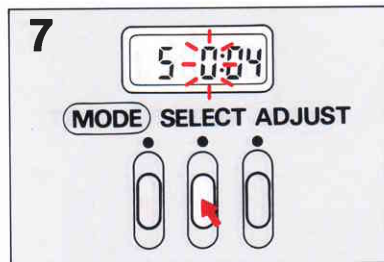
Push SELECT button so day section starts blinking, then push ADJUST button to set the correct day.



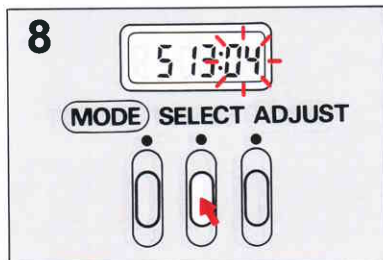
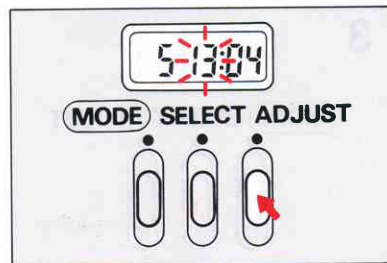
To leave adjust mode and confirm your correct display, push SELECT button while the day display is blinking. The newly adjusted data and data imprint indicator **—** appears without blinking. This indicator bar always appears except when "No imprint" display is selected.



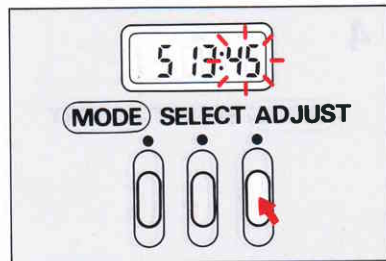
Push MODE button so Day/Hour/Minute is displayed.

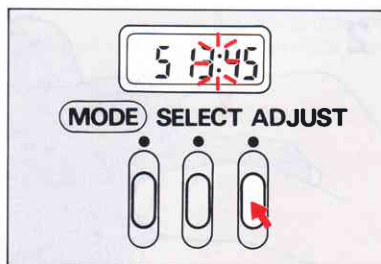
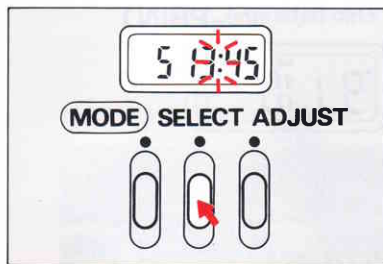


Set the hour.  
Push SELECT button so hour section starts blinking, then push ADJUST button to set the correct hour.



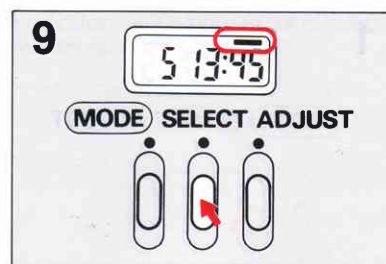
Set the minute.  
Push SELECT button so minute section starts blinking, then push ADJUST button to set the minute.





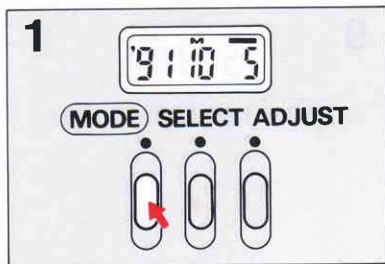
Push SELECT button again so time indicator colon starts blinking. While the colon is blinking, pushing adjust button resets the second to 00 without stopping clock operation.

**To set time to precise second:** Advance the time one minute ahead of actual time (i.e., if actual time is 12:59, set the time to 13:00). Then push SELECT button so time indicator colon starts blinking. When actual time coincides with the time you set, push ADJUST button to reset the second to 00.

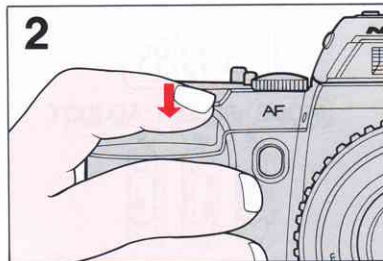


To leave adjust mode, push SELECT button and confirm data imprint indicator  appears.

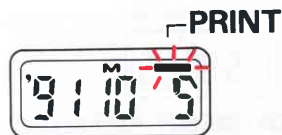
## IMPRINTING DATA



Select your desired display by pushing MODE button and confirm date and time are correctly set.



Depress the shutter release button to take picture with imprinted data.



To confirm data is imprinted, check to make sure data imprint indicator — blinks for approx. 2 sec. immediately after taking the picture.

### Imprinted data



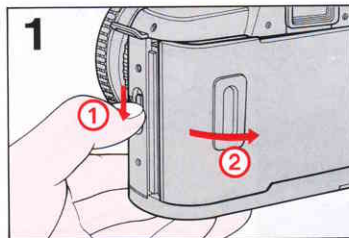
Year/Month/Day



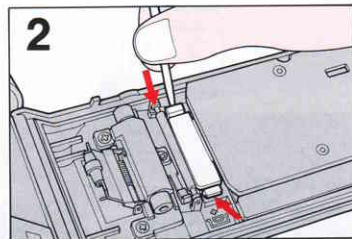
Day/Hour/Minute

Imprinting data may be difficult to read against bright colours such as white or reddish colours.

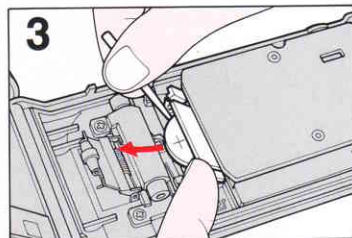
## REPLACING LITHIUM BATTERY FOR DATA IMPRINT FUNCTION



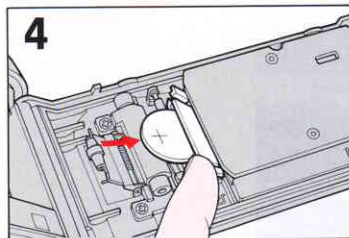
Make sure that film is not loaded, open the camera back.



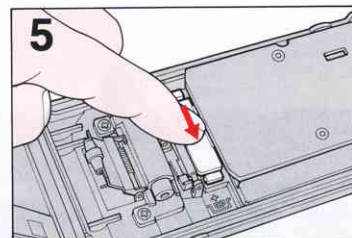
Push the lock-release lever to open the battery chamber lid.



Remove used battery.



Insert new battery with "+" terminal facing upward.



To close, push the lid down until it snaps into place.

Nikon F-401x is designed for autofocus photography with AF Nikkor lenses (except AF-Nikkor lenses for F3AF). To take full advantage of the F-401x's conveniences, it is recommended that you should use AF Nikkor lenses.

However, the following lenses can be used with the Nikon F-401x for manual focusing and manual exposure control, in line with the conditions listed at right.

## MOUNTABLE NON-AF NIKKOR LENSES

### AI-P Nikkor lenses

AI-type (AI-S, AI and AI-modified) Nikkor lenses except Fisheye 6mm f/5.6 and Fisheye OP 10mm f/5.6, 180-600mm f/8 (No. 174180 or smaller), 200-600mm f/9.5 (No. 301922 or smaller), 360-1200mm f/11 (No. 174127 or smaller)

### Nikon Series E lenses

Reflex Nikkor lenses 500mm f/8

1000mm f/11 (No. 143001 or larger)

2000mm f/11 (No. 200311 or larger)

PC-Nikkor lenses 28mm f/3.5

28mm f/4 (No. 180901 or larger)

35mm f/2.8 (No. 906201 or larger)

Medical-Nikkor 120mm f/4

Teleconverters (except TC-16/TC-16A; they cannot be mounted)

*Use of other lenses may damage the camera.*

### When mountable non-AF Nikkor lenses are used:

- Exposure indicator LEDs do not appear. Use external exposure meter, then set the exposure using lens aperture ring and shutter speed dial. Ignore the aperture set on camera's aperture dial.
- If the shutter speed dial is set at L or A, or the aperture dial is set at S, the self-timer indicator LED blinks and the shutter locks.
- Standard TTL flash is possible with built-in TTL flash or accessory Nikon Speedlight SB-24, SB-23, SB-22, SB-20, etc. To use flash or Speedlight, set shutter speed dial to 1/125 sec., or slower, then set the aperture using the lens' aperture ring. For Speedlight settings and shooting distance range, see Speedlight's instruction manual. Except for flash recommendation, ready-light functions as normal. Automatic balanced fill-flash is not possible.
- When using the F-401x with an AI-P-Nikkor lens, automatic exposure control is available but automatic focusing is not.

## Lens compatibility

|                                                     | Focusing  |                                           |        | Exposure Control                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                       |                        |        |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------|
|                                                     | Autofocus | Manual w/electronic focusing confirmation | Manual | Programmed auto                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Shutter-priority auto | Aperture-priority auto | Manual |
| AF Nikkor lenses (except AF Nikkor lenses for F3AF) | ○         | ○                                         | ○      | ○                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | ○                     | ○                      | ○      |
| AI-P Nikkor lens                                    | ×         | ○                                         | ○      | ○                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | ○                     | ○                      | ○      |
| AI-type Nikkor lenses <sup>1)</sup>                 | ×         | △ <sup>2)</sup>                           | ○      | Camera's exposure meter does not operate and exposure indicator LEDs do not appear. Set exposure using the lens aperture ring and camera's shutter speed dial. For Medical Nikkor 120mm f/4 lens, set shutter speed 1/60 sec. or slower. |                       |                        |        |
| Series E lenses                                     | ×         | △ <sup>2)</sup>                           | ○      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                       |                        |        |
| Reflex Nikkor lenses <sup>1)</sup>                  | ×         | ×                                         | ○      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                       |                        |        |
| PC-Nikkor lenses                                    | ×         | ×                                         | ○      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                       |                        |        |
| Medical-Nikkor 120mm f/4                            | ×         | ○                                         | ○      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                       |                        |        |
| Teleconverters (except TC-16/TC-16A)                | ×         | △ <sup>3)</sup>                           | ○      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                       |                        |        |
| Bellows Focusing Attachment PB-6                    | ×         | △ <sup>3)</sup>                           | ○      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                       |                        |        |
| K ring set (K1, K3, K4 and K5)                      | ×         | △ <sup>3)</sup>                           | ○      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                       |                        |        |
| Auto Extension Rings (PK-11A, 12, 13 and PN-11)     | ×         | △ <sup>3)</sup>                           | ○      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                       |                        |        |

○ Compatible

×

△<sup>1)</sup> Some lenses cannot be attached. See page 73.

△<sup>2)</sup> With maximum aperture of f/5.6 or faster.

△<sup>3)</sup> With maximum effective aperture of f/5.6 or faster.

The following accessories cannot be used with the Nikon F-401x.

- Cords that connect to remote terminal
- Accessories that connect to sync terminal
- Cable releases
- Neckstrap AN-1 (leather)

● Others:

PF-1~PF-3, PH-3, PB-2, PK-1~PK-3, PN-1, K2, BR-2  
Accessories exclusively designed for other cameras

- If accessories such as close-up attachments are mounted directly on the lens mount of the F-401x, exposure indicator LEDs do not appear. Set aperture using lens aperture ring.
- Filters with a larger exposure factor may affect the Matrix Metering. Use Centre-Weighted Metering (with AEL button or manual exposure mode).
- PK-1, PK-11, BR-4 and K1 Rings cannot be mounted directly on AF Nikkor lenses.
- Polarising filters cannot be used for autofocus or auto exposure; use a circular polarising filter.
- Special filters, such as soft focus filters, cannot be used for autofocus or for manual focus with electronic focusing confirmation.

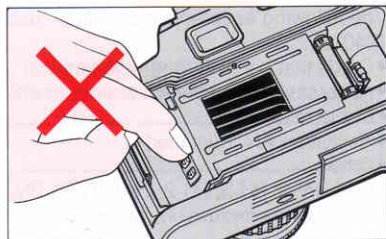
# CAMERA CARE TIPS



1. Never touch the reflex mirror, focusing screen or AF contacts. Remove dust with a blower brush.



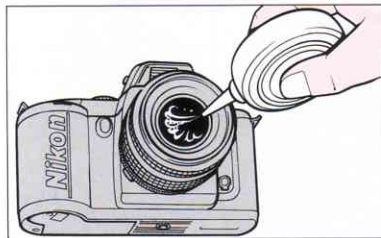
2. Never touch the shutter curtains.



3. Never touch the DX-contacts. Keep clean with blower brush.



7. Clean the viewfinder eyepiece with a soft, clean cloth. Do not use alcohol.

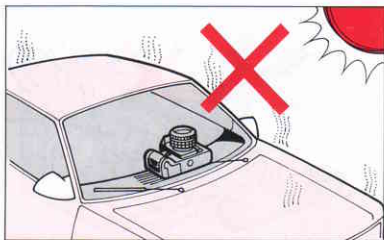


8. Clean glass surfaces such as the lens with a blower brush; avoid using lens tissue as much as possible. To remove dirt and smudges, use soft cotton moistened with pure alcohol and

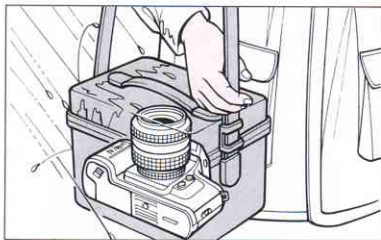
wipe in a spiral motion from center to periphery. Be careful not to leave traces.

## Caution

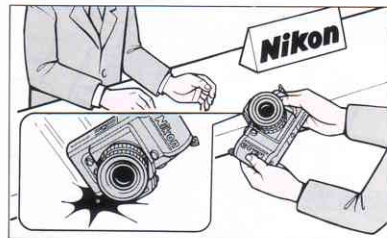
*A spray gun-type blower may damage the glass if used to clean the lens, especially when ED glass is used for the front lens element. To avoid damage, hold the blower upright with its nozzle more than 30cm (12 in.) from the lens surface and keep the nozzle moving so the stream of air is not concentrated in one spot.*



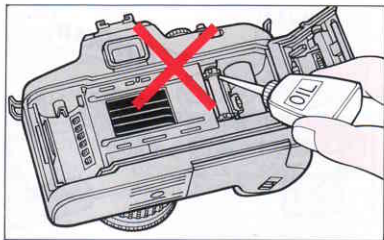
- 4.** Do not leave the camera in an excessively hot place.



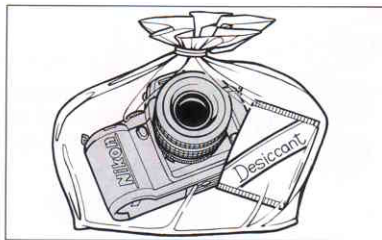
- 5.** If the camera is exposed to rain or mist, or after shooting near the sea, wipe with a clean, soft cloth.



- 6.** If the camera malfunctions, take it immediately to an authorised Nikon dealer or service centre.



- 9.** Do not lubricate the camera.



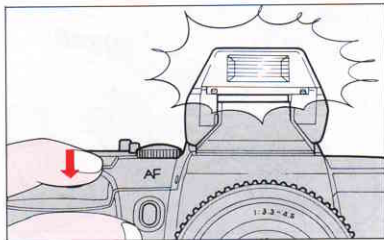
- 10.** Store the camera in a cool, dry place away from naphthalene or camphor (moth repellents). In a humid environment, store the camera inside a vinyl bag with a



desiccant to keep out dust, moisture and salt.

Note, however, that storing the leather case in a vinyl bag may cause the leather to deteriorate.

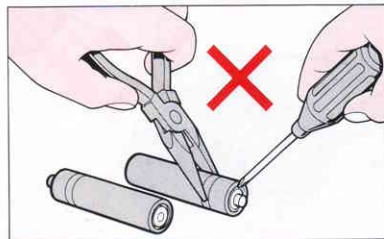
## NOTES ON BATTERIES



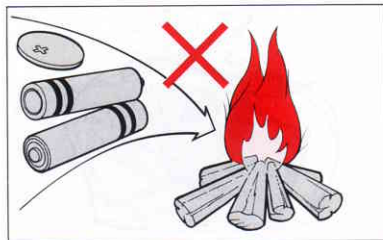
- 11.** If camera has not been used for a long time, recycling time of the built-in flash may be longer. To maintain the flash's condenser in peak condition, thereby enabling you to use the flash for many years, fire the flash a few times every month.



- 1.** Keep batteries out of children's reach. If swallowed, call a doctor immediately.



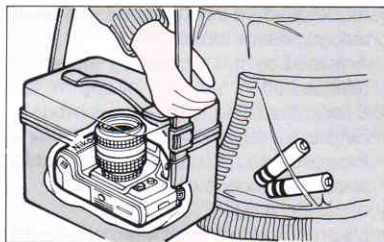
- 2.** Never disassemble, short-circuit or heat batteries.



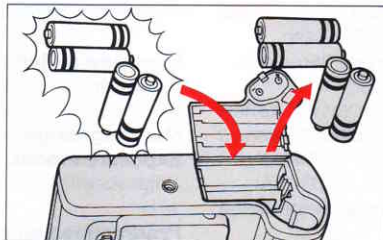
- 6.** Do not throw used batteries into a fire.



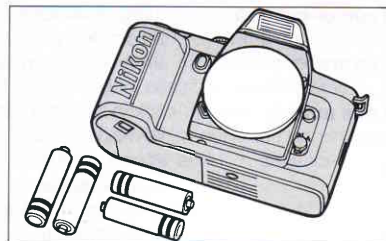
- 7.** If battery chamber is contaminated by battery leakage, take the camera to an authorised Nikon dealer.



- 3.** Battery power falls off in extremely low temperatures — make sure batteries are new and keep the camera body wrapped in something warm.



- 4.** When replacing batteries, be sure to replace all batteries at the same time. Always use fresh batteries of the same brand.



- 5.** When not using the camera for a long period, remove batteries.

- Compared with regular batteries, NiCd batteries provide greater efficiency at low temperatures. Before charging NiCd batteries, thoroughly read the instructions for batteries and battery charger.
- Never charge dry cells.

# SPECIFICATIONS

|                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Type of camera</b>             | Integral-motor autofocus 35mm single-lens reflex with built-in TTL flash                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                |
| <b>Picture format</b>             | 24mm x 36mm (standard 35mm film format)                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                |
| <b>Lens mount</b>                 | Nikon bayonet mount                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                |
| <b>Lens</b>                       | AF Nikkor lenses (except AF-Nikkor 80mm f/2.8, ED 200mm f/3.5 IF, and autofocus converter TC-16/TC-16A), and non-AF Nikkor lenses (with limitation) available                                                                                | <b>Exposure meter switch</b>                   |
| <b>Focus modes</b>                | Autofocus, and manual focus with focusing confirmation                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>Metering range</b>                          |
| <b>Autofocus</b>                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>Exposure modes</b>                          |
| <b>Autofocus detection system</b> | TTL phase detection system using Nikon Advanced AM200 sensor                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>Programmed auto exposure control</b>        |
| <b>Autofocus detection range</b>  | Approx. EV -1 to EV 19 (at ISO 100)                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>Shutter-priority auto exposure control</b>  |
| <b>Autofocus actuation method</b> | Single servo                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>Aperture-priority auto exposure control</b> |
| <b>Autofocus lock</b>             | Possible                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>Manual exposure control</b>                 |
| <b>Focus tracking</b>             | Automatically activated with a moving subject                                                                                                                                                                                                | <b>Shutter</b>                                 |
| <b>Focusing confirmation</b>      | Available in manual focus mode with an AF Nikkor, mountable Nikkor and Series E lens with a maximum aperture of f/5.6 or faster.                                                                                                             | <b>Shutter release</b>                         |
| <b>Exposure metering</b>          | Matrix Metering (for ensuring correct automatic operation in programmed, shutter-priority and aperture-priority auto exposure modes); Center-Weighted Metering (for manual exposure mode or when using the AEL button in auto exposure mode) | <b>Shutter speeds</b>                          |
|                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>Viewfinder</b>                              |

Activated by lightly pressing shutter release button; stays on for approx. 8 sec. after lifting finger from button

EV 0 to EV 19 at ISO 100 with f/1.4 lens  
Programmed auto, shutter-priority auto, aperture-priority auto and manual exposure modes

Nikon Auto Multi-Program; both shutter speed and aperture are set automatically

Aperture automatically selected to match manually set shutter speed  
Shutter speed automatically selected to match manual set aperture

Both aperture and shutter speed are set manually  
Electronically controlled vertical-travel focal-plane shutter

Electromagnetic  
1/2000 to 8 sec. on programmed auto exposure mode; 1/2000 to 30 sec. on aperture priority auto exposure mode; 1/2000 to 1 sec., on shutter-priority auto and manual exposure modes; T setting for long-time exposure provided  
Fixed eye-level pentaprism type; 0.8x magnification with 50mm lens set at infinity; 92% frame coverage

|                               |                                                                                                                                                                                |                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Eyepiece cover</b>         | Model DK-5 prevents stray light from entering viewfinder                                                                                                                       | <b>Self-timer</b>            | Electronically controlled; approx. 10 sec. exposure delay; blinking LED indicates self-timer operation; two-shot self-timer is possible; cancellable                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Focusing screen</b>        | Nikon BriteView screen with central focus brackets for autofocus operation                                                                                                     | <b>Reflex mirror</b>         | Automatic, instant-return type                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Viewfinder information</b> | Green focus indicator LED for focusing, red exposure indicator LED shows over- and underexposure warning, and correct exposure; red flash ready-light for flash photography    | <b>Camera back</b>           | Hinged back; film cartridge confirmation window and film advance indicator                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Auto exposure lock</b>     | Available via pressing the AEL button while the meter is on (Centre-Weighted Metering selected when the AEL button is pressed)                                                 | <b>Accessory shoe</b>        | Standard ISO-type with hot-shoe contact, ready-light contact, TTL flash contact, monitor contact                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Film speed range</b>       | ISO 25 to 5000 for DX-coded film                                                                                                                                               | <b>Built-in TTL flash</b>    | Guide number: 12 (meters) at ISO 100 and 20°C; angle of coverage: 28mm lens or longer; Matrix Balanced Fill-Flash is possible in auto exposure modes; Centre-Weighted Fill-Flash is possible in manual exposure mode                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Film speed setting</b>     | Automatically set by DX-coded film (ISO 100 is automatically set for all non-DX-coded films)                                                                                   | <b>Flash synchronisation</b> | In programmed auto or aperture-priority auto, shutter operates 1/125 to 1/60 sec. (or 1/[focal length] sec. with lens focal length less than 60mm); in shutter-priority auto or manual exposure mode, automatically set to 1/125 sec. when shutter is manually set at 1/125 sec. or faster; if shutter is manually set at 1/125 sec. or slower, shutter fires as set |
| <b>Film loading</b>           | Film automatically advances to frame one when shutter release button is depressed once; film advance indicator rotates to show that film is loaded and being advanced properly |                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Film advance</b>           | Film automatically advances one frame at approx. 0.4 sec. when shutter is released; film advance stops automatically at end of film roll                                       |                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Frame counter</b>          | Accumulative type; automatically reset when camera back is opened                                                                                                              |                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Film rewind</b>            | Automatically rewound by built-in motor                                                                                                                                        |                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

**Flash indication**

Flash ready-light blinks when flash is recommended (scene darker than EV 10 at ISO 100, or a scene with brightness of EV 10 or higher at ISO 100 where the center portion is darker than other areas by more than EV 2) and lights up when built-in TTL flash or accessory Nikon Speedlight is ready to fire

**Autofocus flash photography**

Possible only with Nikon Autofocus Speedlight SB-24, SB-23, SB-22 and SB-20

**Power source**

Four AA-type batteries

**Number of 36-exposure film rolls per set of fresh batteries (approx.)**

For autofocus operation with AF Zoom-Nikkor 35-70mm f/3.3-f/4.5 lens covering the full range from infinity ( $\infty$ ) to the closest distance and back to infinity ( $\infty$ ) before each shot, at 1/125 sec. or faster shutter speed

| Batteries                         | With AF Nikkor 35-70mm f/3.3-4.5 |          |            |          |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|------------|----------|
|                                   | Without flash                    |          | With flash |          |
|                                   | at 20°C                          | at -10°C | at 20°C    | at -10°C |
| AA-type alkaline-manganese (LR06) | 78                               | 20       | 19         | 4        |
| NiCd (KR-AA)                      | 38                               | 22       | 11         | 6        |
| Zinc-carbon (SUM-3)               | 20                               | 5        | 2          | —        |

**Dimensions (WxHxD)**

F-401x: 154 x 102 x 65mm

F-401x Quartz Date: 154 x 102 x 67mm

**Weights (body only)**

F-401x: Approx. 650g

F-401x Quartz Date: Approx. 655g

**For databack function (F-401x Quartz Date only)****Data imprint functions**

Year/Month/Day, Day/Hour/Minute,

No imprint, Month/Day/Year and

Day/Month/Year are selectable;

24-hour built-in clock with timing accuracy within  $\pm 90$  seconds a month at normal temperatures

**Power source**

One 3V lithium (CR2025) battery

*With fresh alkaline batteries at normal temperature (20°C).*

*Specifications and design are subject to change without notice.*

"This digital apparatus does not exceed the (Class B) limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications."

## **AEL (Auto Exposure Lock)**

AEL is recommended for shooting small dark subjects against a bright background or for shooting dramatic sunset scenes. When AEL is used in auto exposure mode, camera automatically switches to Centre-Weighted Metering.

## **AF illuminator**

When existing light is below a certain level and the camera is set for autofocus mode, the SB-24/SB-23/SB-22/SB-20's AF illuminator turns on automatically and provides enough subject contrast to enable the F-401x's autofocus system to function as though it were daytime.

## **Balanced fill-flash operation**

A method of flash photography that keeps flash brightness in balance with the ambient light. (See "Fill-flash.") With the built-in TTL flash or Nikon-dedicated TTL-controlled Speedlights, the F-401x performs automatic balanced fill-flash, called Matrix Balanced Fill-Flash, so both subject and background are correctly exposed, to produce a well-balanced picture. (For automatic balanced fill-flash, see page 46.)

## **Centre-Weighted Metering**

In manual mode, or when the AEL button is used in auto exposure modes, the camera automatically switches to Centre-Weighted Metering. This secondary metering system places special emphasis on brightness within the 12mm-diameter central area of the viewfinder, making the F-401x exceptionally versatile for a wide variety of subjects.

## **Depth of field**

The zone of acceptable sharpness in front of and behind the subject on which the lens is focused. Depth of field can be increased by using small apertures (larger f-numbers) or short focal-length lenses, or by taking the picture from farther away. To reduce depth of field, use larger apertures (small f-number), long focal-length lenses, and/or near subjects.

## **DX code**

Film information code printed on the film cartridge. The F-401x automatically senses the film speed (ISO 25 to 5000) of DX-coded film the instant it is loaded.

## **EV**

Exposure Value. A number representing the available combinations of shutter speed and aperture that give the same exposure effect when the scene brightness and ISO remain the same.

At ISO 100, the combination of a one-second shutter speed and an aperture of f/1.4 is defined as EV1.

The camera's meter may be used only within EV range of the exposure meter. For example, with the F-401x, exposure metering range is from EV 0 to EV 19 at ISO 100 with f/1.4 lens.

## **Exposure control**

Programmed auto: Camera controls both shutter speed and aperture for correct exposure.

Shutter-priority auto: User selects shutter speed and camera chooses aperture for correct exposure.

Aperture-priority auto: User selects aperture and camera chooses shutter speed for correct exposure.

Manual: User select both shutter speed and aperture with the meter's recommendations for correct exposure.

### **Fill-flash**

A method of flash photography that combines flash illumination and ambient light.

Subjects lit from behind or near a window normally appear too dark in photographs, so it is recommended you use a flash for fill-in lighting.

(See "Balanced fill-flash.")

### **Flash synchronisation**

The timing of the flash so it fires coincident with the operation of the camera's shutter.

### **f-number**

Number that indicates brightness of film plane image.

Increasing/decreasing f-number is equivalent to opening/stopping down lens aperture. The f-number series is 1.4, 2, 2.8, 4, 5.6, 8, 11, 16, 22, 32, etc. Changing one step to the next larger number (i.e., from f/11 to f/16) decreases image brightness by 1/2; moving to nearest lower number doubles the brightness.

### **Guide number**

The number given to a flash bulb or electronic flash unit to indicate its power. A guide number may be quoted in meters or feet, and depends on the speed of the film being used. Guide numbers quoted assuming a relatively efficient reflector surrounds the flash source, e.g., an average-sized room.

### **ISO film speed**

The international standard for representing film sensitivity (speed with which it reacts to light). The higher the number, the greater the sensitivity, and vice versa. A film speed of ISO 200 is twice as fast as ISO 100, and half the speed of ISO 400 film.

### **LED**

Light-Emitting Diode. For the F-401x, used to provide indications inside the viewfinder and self-timer indication.

### **Matrix Metering system**

An advanced camera light metering system using a multi-segment sensor and computer; available Nikon SLR models F-401x/N5005, F-601/N6006, F-601m/N6000, F4, F-801s/N8008s and F-801/N8008. A basic version is used with the Nikon F-401/N4004 and F-401s/N4004s models. Matrix Metering is an exclusive Nikon feature.

### **SLR**

Single Lens Reflex. A type of camera in which you look through the camera's lens as you view through the camera finder. Other camera functions, such as light metering and flash control, also operate through the camera's lens.

## **TTL**

Through-The-Lens. Most SLR cameras have built-in meters that measure light after it has passed through the lens, a feature that enables exposure readings to be taken from the actual image about to be recorded on film, whatever the lens' angle of view and regardless of whether a filter is used.

## **TTL auto flash**

The camera's light sensor measures flash light, as reflected by the subject on the film and shuts off the flash when measurement indicates correct exposure. Because the sensor that controls the flash receives light through the lens, TTL auto flash can be used for bounce photography, fill-in flash, multiple flash photography, etc. An additional advantage of TTL auto flash is that you can use a wide range of aperture settings, while ensuring correct exposure.

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| Exposure mode                           |                            | Programmed auto                                                       | Shutter-priority auto | Aperture-priority auto             | Manual         |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| Focus indicator LED                     | ● lights up                | In focus                                                              |                       |                                    |                |
|                                         | ● blinks                   | Autofocus impossible                                                  |                       |                                    |                |
|                                         | ● disappears               | Rear/front focus (shutter does not lock in manual focusing)           |                       |                                    |                |
| Exposure indicator LEDs (without flash) | ○ lights up                | Correct exposure                                                      |                       |                                    |                |
|                                         | ○ blinks                   | Camera shake warning                                                  | —                     | Camera shake warning               | —              |
|                                         | + lights up                | Too bright for auto exposure                                          |                       |                                    | Over (+1EV ~)  |
|                                         | — lights up                | Too dark for auto exposure                                            |                       |                                    | Under (~ -1EV) |
|                                         | + - blink alternately      | Lens aperture not set to minimum                                      |                       |                                    |                |
|                                         | + ○ light up               | —                                                                     | Over (+1~+1/3 EV)     |                                    |                |
|                                         | ○ - light up               | —                                                                     | Under (-1/3~-1EV)     |                                    |                |
| Ready-light LED                         | ⚡ blinks (before shooting) | Flash recommended (when built-in flash or external speedlight is OFF) |                       |                                    | —              |
|                                         |                            | SB-19 is set to B or B (EM)                                           |                       | SB-19 is set to B or B (EM)        |                |
|                                         | ⚡ disappears               | Recharging (shutter does not lock with external speedlight)           |                       |                                    |                |
|                                         | ⚡ lights up                | Recharged                                                             |                       |                                    |                |
|                                         |                            | External speedlight not set to TTL                                    |                       | External speedlight not set to TTL |                |
|                                         | ⚡ blinks (after shot)      | Insufficient light for correct exposure                               |                       |                                    |                |

 Shutter is locked